

1.

$$S_{33} = 231.$$

$$a_k - k - d = 0, \quad a_7 + a_{11} + a_{20} + a_{30} = 28, \\ a_7 + (a_7 + 4d) + (a_7 + 13d) + (a_7 + 23d) = 28 \Leftrightarrow a_7 + 10d = 7, \quad \dots \quad a_{17} = 7.$$

$$S_{33} = \frac{a_1 + a_{33}}{2} \cdot 33 = \frac{(a_{17} - 16d) + (a_{17} + 16d)}{2} \cdot 33 = 33a_{17} = 231.$$

2.

$$10 \quad 17. \\ K, L, M - \text{ points on } AB, BC, AC \\ ABC; \quad AK = 8, BK = 1, \quad CL = x, \\ CM = x, \quad BL = 1, AM = 8, \\ 2(x+9) = \sqrt{(x+9) \cdot x \cdot 8 \cdot 1} \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x+9} = \sqrt{2x} \Leftrightarrow x = 9. \\ 10 \quad 17.$$

3.

$$\sqrt{2x + \frac{7}{x^2}} + \sqrt{2x - \frac{7}{x^2}} < \frac{6}{x}.$$

$$x \in \left[ \sqrt[3]{\frac{7}{2}}; \sqrt[3]{\frac{373}{72}} \right).$$

$$2x + \frac{7}{x^2} \geq 0, \quad 2x - \frac{7}{x^2} \geq 0, \quad x \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{7}{2}}.$$

$$2x + \frac{7}{x^2} + 2\sqrt{\left(2x + \frac{7}{x^2}\right)\left(2x - \frac{7}{x^2}\right)} + 2x - \frac{7}{x^2} < \frac{36}{x^2} \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{4x^2 - \frac{49}{x^4}} < \frac{18}{x^2} - 2x \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{18}{x^2} - 2x \geq 0, \\ 4x^2 - \frac{49}{x^4} < \frac{324}{x^4} - \frac{72}{x} + 4x^2 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x^3 \leq 9, \\ \frac{72}{x} < \frac{373}{x^4} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow x^3 < \frac{373}{72}.$$

$$x \in \left[ \sqrt[3]{\frac{7}{2}}; \sqrt[3]{\frac{373}{72}} \right).$$

4.

$$3 \operatorname{tg}^2 x + 3 \operatorname{ctg}^2 x + \frac{2}{\sin^2 x} + \frac{2}{\cos^2 x} = 19. \quad \sin^4 x - \sin^2 x = -\frac{1}{5}.$$

$$-\frac{1}{5}.$$

$$\frac{3 \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{3 \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} + \frac{2}{\sin^2 x} + \frac{2}{\cos^2 x} = 19 \Leftrightarrow 3 \sin^4 x + 3 \cos^4 x + 2 \cos^2 x + 2 \sin^2 x = 19 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow (3 \sin^4 x + 6 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + 3 \cos^4 x) + 2 = 25 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \Leftrightarrow 3(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)^2 + 2 = 25 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \Leftrightarrow \\ \Leftrightarrow \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{5}.$$

$$\sin^4 x - \sin^2 x = \sin^2 x (\sin^2 x - 1) = -\sin^2 x \cos^2 x = -\frac{1}{5}.$$

5.

A B  
A

$$\frac{20}{81} AB.$$

( ),

1:5.

AB

?

$$\frac{56}{81} \quad \frac{65}{81}.$$

$S -$   
 $5v -$

$u -$

$v -$

$$V = v + u \quad V = 5v - u.$$

$$t_1 = \frac{S}{V + V} = \frac{S}{6v}.$$

A

$$S_1 = V t_1 = \frac{S(v + u)}{6v}.$$

$$t_2 = \frac{S_1}{V + V} = \frac{S(v + u)}{36v^2}$$

$$d = V t_2 = \frac{S(v + u)(5v - u)}{36v^2}.$$

$$d = \frac{20}{81} AB, \dots$$

$$\frac{S(v + u)(5v - u)}{36v^2} = \frac{20}{81} S \Leftrightarrow 9(v + u)(5v - u) = 80v^2 \Leftrightarrow 35v^2 - 36uv + 9u^2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow (5v - 3u)(7v - 3u) = 0.$$

$$u = \frac{7v}{3} \quad u = \frac{5v}{3}.$$

$$L = V t_1 + d = \frac{S(5v - u)}{6v} + \frac{20S}{81}.$$

$$L = \frac{56S}{81},$$

$$- L = \frac{65S}{81}.$$

6.

PQRS

$\angle PQR = 90^\circ, \angle QRS > 90^\circ,$

SQ

24

S,

R

QS

5.

PQRS.

$$\frac{27420}{169}.$$

$\angle RQS = \angle PSQ$

RQS

RH

5.

$$SR = \sqrt{RH^2 + SH^2} = 13.$$

SRH SQP

$$\frac{SR}{SQ} = \frac{13}{24}.$$

$$PQ = \frac{24}{13} RH = \frac{120}{13},$$

$$PS = \frac{24}{13} SH = \frac{288}{13}.$$

$$PQ \cdot \frac{QR + PS}{2} = \frac{27420}{169}.$$

7.

2015

$$2015 = 3 + 3 + \dots + 3 + 2 \quad (671 \dots).$$

).

4,

$n \geq 5$

$$2 + (n - 2),$$

$$2 \cdot (n - 2)$$

n.

4,

$$2 + 2,$$

(  $2 \rightarrow 1 + 1 \quad 3 \rightarrow 2 + 1, 2 + 2 \rightarrow 3 + 1$  ).

$$2 + 2 + 2 \rightarrow 3 + 3$$

2015 = 671 · 3 + 2, . . .

2015

672

8.

$$\begin{cases} x^2 - y^2 + z = \frac{27}{xy}, \\ y^2 - z^2 + x = \frac{27}{yz}, \\ z^2 - x^2 + y = \frac{27}{xz}. \end{cases}$$

. (3; 3; 3), (-3; -3; 3), (-3; 3; -3), (3; -3; -3).

$x + y + z = \frac{27}{xy} + \frac{27}{yz} + \frac{27}{xz} \Leftrightarrow x + y + z = \frac{27(x + y + z)}{xyz}$ .

:  $x + y + z = 0$

$xyz = 27$ .

)  $x + y + z = 0$ ,  $z = -x - y$ .

$$\begin{cases} x^2 - y^2 - x - y = \frac{27}{xy}, \\ y^2 - x^2 - 2xy - y^2 + x = -\frac{27}{y(x+y)} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} (x+y)(x-y-1) = \frac{27}{xy}, \\ x(x+2y-1) = \frac{27}{y(x+y)}. \end{cases}$$

)  $\frac{(x+y)(x-y-1)}{x(x+2y-1)} = \frac{x+y}{x}$ ,  $x + y = 0$  ( $z = 0$ )

$x - y - 1 = x + 2y - 1$  ( $y = 0$ ).

)  $xyz = 27$ .  $z = \frac{27}{xy}$ ,  $x = \frac{27}{yz}$ ,

$x^2 - y^2 = 0$ ,

$y^2 - z^2 = 0$ , . . .  $|x| = |y| = |z|$ .

$xyz = 27$

4

: (3; 3; 3), (-3; -3; 3), (-3; 3; -3),

(3; -3; -3).

1.

$$S_{33} = 231.$$

$$a_k - k - d = 0, \quad a_3 + a_8 + a_{19} + a_{30} = 36, \\ a_3 + (a_3 + 5d) + (a_3 + 16d) + (a_3 + 27d) = 36 \Leftrightarrow a_3 + 12d = 9, \quad \dots \quad a_{15} = 9.$$

$$S_{29} = \frac{a_1 + a_{29}}{2} \cdot 29 = \frac{(a_{15} - 14d) + (a_{15} + 14d)}{2} \cdot 29 = 29a_{15} = 261.$$

2.

$$7 \quad 15.$$

$K, L, M$  – points on the sides  $AB, BC, AC$  of triangle  $ABC$ ;  $AK = 6, BK = 14, CL = x, BL = 14, AM = 6, CM = x$ .

$$2(x + 20) = \sqrt{(x + 20) \cdot x \cdot 6 \cdot 14} \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{x + 20} = \sqrt{21x} \Leftrightarrow x = 1.$$

7 15.

3.

$$\sqrt{3x - \frac{5}{x^2}} + \sqrt{3x + \frac{5}{x^2}} < \frac{8}{x}.$$

$$x \in \left[ \sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{3}}; \sqrt[3]{\frac{1049}{192}} \right).$$

$$3x + \frac{5}{x^2} \geq 0, \quad 3x - \frac{5}{x^2} \geq 0, \quad x \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{3}}.$$

$$3x + \frac{5}{x^2} + 2\sqrt{\left(3x + \frac{5}{x^2}\right)\left(3x - \frac{5}{x^2}\right)} + 3x - \frac{5}{x^2} < \frac{64}{x^2} \Leftrightarrow \sqrt{9x^2 - \frac{25}{x^4}} < \frac{32}{x^2} - 3x \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{32}{x^2} - 3x \geq 0, \\ 9x^2 - \frac{25}{x^4} < \frac{1024}{x^4} - \frac{192}{x} + 9x^2 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x^3 \leq 9, \\ \frac{192}{x} < \frac{1049}{x^4} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow x^3 < \frac{1049}{192}.$$

$$x \in \left[ \sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{3}}; \sqrt[3]{\frac{1049}{192}} \right).$$

4.

$$4 \operatorname{tg}^2 x + 4 \operatorname{ctg}^2 x - \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} - \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = 17.$$

$$\cos^2 x - \cos^4 x.$$

$$\frac{3}{25}.$$

$$\frac{4 \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{4 \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} - \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} - \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = 17 \Leftrightarrow 4 \sin^4 x + 4 \cos^4 x - \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = 17 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (4 \sin^4 x + 8 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + 4 \cos^4 x) - 1 = 25 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \Leftrightarrow 4(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)^2 - 1 = 25 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = \frac{3}{25}.$$

$$\cos^2 x - \cos^4 x = \cos^2 x (1 - \cos^2 x) = \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = \frac{3}{25}.$$

5.

A

B

$$\frac{56}{225} AB.$$

( ), 2:3.

AB

$$\frac{161}{225} \quad \frac{176}{225}$$

S - , u - , 2v - , 3v -

$$V = 2v + u \quad V = 3v - u.$$

$$t_1 = \frac{S}{V + V} = \frac{S}{5v}.$$

B

$$S_1 = V t_1 = \frac{S(3v - u)}{5v}.$$

$$t_2 = \frac{S_1}{V + V} = \frac{S(3v - u)}{25v^2}$$

$$d = V t_2 = \frac{S(2v + u)(3v - u)}{25v^2}.$$

$$d = \frac{56}{225} AB,$$

$$\frac{S(2v + u)(3v - u)}{25v^2} = \frac{56}{225} S \Leftrightarrow 9(2v + u)(3v - u) = 56v^2 \Leftrightarrow 2v^2 - 9uv + 9u^2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow (2v - 3u)(v - 3u) = 0.$$

$$, u = \frac{2v}{3} \quad u = \frac{v}{3}.$$

$$L = V t_1 + d = \frac{S(2v + u)}{5v} + \frac{56S}{225}.$$

$$L = \frac{161S}{225},$$

$$- L = \frac{176S}{225}.$$

6.

PQRS

,  $\angle PQR = 90^\circ$ ,  $\angle QRS < 90^\circ$ ,

SQ

24

S,

R

QS

16.

PQRS.

$$\frac{8256}{25}.$$

$$\angle RQS = \angle PSQ$$

RQS

RH

16.

$$SR = \sqrt{RH^2 + SH^2} = 20.$$

SRH

SQP

$$\frac{SR}{SQ} = \frac{5}{6}.$$

$$, PQ = \frac{6}{5} RH = \frac{96}{5},$$

$$PS = \frac{6}{5} SH = \frac{72}{5}.$$

$$PQ \cdot \frac{QR + PS}{2} = \frac{8256}{25}.$$

7.

2017

$$. 2017 = 3 + 3 + \dots + 3 + 2 + 2 \quad (671)$$

).

4,

$n \geq 5$

$2 + (n - 2)$ ,

$$2 \cdot (n - 2)$$

n.

4,

2 + 2,

(  $2 \rightarrow 1 + 1$   $3 \rightarrow 2 + 1$ ,  $2 + 2 \rightarrow 3 + 1$  ).

$$2 + 2 + 2 \rightarrow 3 + 3$$

8.

$$\begin{cases} x^2 - y^2 + z = \frac{64}{xy}, \\ y^2 - z^2 + x = \frac{64}{yz}, \\ z^2 - x^2 + y = \frac{64}{xz}. \end{cases}$$

. (4; 4; 4), (-4; -4; 4), (-4; 4; -4), (4; -4; -4).

$$x + y + z = \frac{64}{xy} + \frac{64}{yz} + \frac{64}{xz} \Leftrightarrow x + y + z = \frac{64(x + y + z)}{xyz}.$$

:  $x + y + z = 0$

$xyz = 64$ .

)  $x + y + z = 0$ ,  $z = -x - y$ .

$$\begin{cases} x^2 - y^2 - x - y = \frac{64}{xy}, \\ y^2 - x^2 - 2xy - y^2 + x = -\frac{64}{y(x+y)} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} (x+y)(x-y-1) = \frac{64}{xy}, \\ x(x+2y-1) = \frac{64}{y(x+y)}. \end{cases}$$

)  $\frac{(x+y)(x-y-1)}{x(x+2y-1)} = \frac{x+y}{x}$ ,  $x + y = 0$  ( $z = 0$ )

$x - y - 1 = x + 2y - 1$  ( $y = 0$ ).

)  $xyz = 64$ .  $z = \frac{64}{xy}$ ,  $x = \frac{64}{yz}$ ,

$x^2 - y^2 = 0$ ,

$y^2 - z^2 = 0$ , . . .  $|x| = |y| = |z|$ .

$xyz = 64$

4

: (4; 4; 4), (-4; -4; 4), (-4; 4; -4),

(4; -4; -4).