## Задания отборочного тура

## по английскому языку

## 7 класс

## 1 задание

Выберите правильный вариант произношения окончания множественного числа существительных и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e):

1) $[\mathrm{s}]$
2) $[z]$
3) [iz]
a) mistakes
b) parties
c) badges
d) exams
e) cables
[[1,2,3,2,2]]


Выберите правильный вариант произношения окончания множественного числа существительных и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e):

1) $[\mathrm{s}]$
2) $[\mathrm{z}] 3)[\mathrm{iz}]$
a) letters
b) wages
c) friends
d) vases
e) safes

## [[2,3,2,3,1]]

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Выберите правильный вариант произношения окончания множественного числа существительных и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e):

1) $[\mathrm{s}]$
2) $[z]$
3) $[i z]$
a) brushes
b) photos
c) boxes
d) months
e) moths

## [[3,2,3,1,1]]



Выберите правильный вариант произношения окончания множественного числа существительных и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e):

1) $[\mathrm{s}]$ 2) $[\mathrm{z}]$ 3) $[\mathrm{iz}]$
a) members
b) subjects
c) lists
d) daughters
e) buses
[[2,1,1,2,3]]

Выберите правильный вариант произношения окончания множественного числа существительных и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e):

1) $[\mathrm{s}] 2)[\mathrm{z}]$ 3) $[\mathrm{iz}]$
a) glasses
b) coaches
c) names
d) boys
e) sights

## [[3,3,2,2,1]]

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Выберите правильный вариант произношения окончания множественного числа существительных и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e):

1) $[\mathrm{s}]$
2) $[z]$
3) $[i z]$
a) mistakes
b) bunches
c) legs
d) ages
e) economists

## [[1,3,2,3,1]]

Выберите правильный вариант произношения окончания множественного числа существительных и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e):

1) $[\mathrm{s}]$
2) $[\mathrm{z}] \quad 3$ ) [iz]
a) bats
b) parties
c) coaches
d) sites
e) arguments
[[1,2,3,1,1]]


## 2 задание

Определите, нужно ли удваивать выделенную букву в предложенных словах. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) есть удвоение
2) нет удвоения
a) swim_ing
b) until_
c) cho_ses
d) neces_ary
e) refer_ence

## [[1,2,1,1,2]]

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Определите, нужно ли удваивать выделенную букву в предложенных словах. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).

1) есть удвоение
2) нет удвоения
a) cof_ee
b) green_er
c) bot_le
d) refer_ed
e) weep_ing

Определите, нужно ли удваивать выделенную букву в предложенных словах. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) есть удвоение
2) нет удвоения
a) nec_essary
b) ad_ress
c) ac_ording
d) occur_ed
e) fur_s

## [[2,1,1,1,2]]

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Определите, нужно ли удваивать выделенную букву в предложенных словах. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) есть удвоение
2) нет удвоения
a) stor_ies
b) til_
c) suc_essful
d) writ_ing
e) refer_ence
[[2,1,1,2,2]]
$++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++$
Определите, нужно ли удваивать выделенную букву в предложенных словах. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
3) есть удвоение
4) нет удвоения
a) ad_ress было
b) meet_ing
c) set_ing
d) model_
e) mil_ionaire
[[1,2,1,2,1]]
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Определите, нужно ли удваивать выделенную букву в предложенных словах. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).
5) есть удвоение
6) нет удвоения
a) near_ly
b) an_ual
c) cho_ses
d) million_aire
e) succes_ful
[[2,1,1,2,1]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Определите, нужно ли удваивать выделенную букву в предложенных словах. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).
7) есть удвоение
8) нет удвоения
a) begin_er
b) ful_
c) lo_ses
d) level_
e) set_lement
[[1,1,2,2,1]]

## 3 задание

Определите, сохраняется ли конечная буква при присоединении к глаголу окончания -ing. Если сохраняется, в талон ответов внесите цифру 1, если не сохраняется - цифру 2.
a) study b) leave c) have d) smoke e) stay

## [[1,2,2,2,1]]

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Определите, сохраняется ли конечная буква при присоединении к глаголу окончания -ing. Если сохраняется, в талон ответов внесите цифру 1, если не сохраняется - цифру 2.

> a) play b) be c) squeeze d) spray e) spy
[ [1, 1, 2, 1, 1]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++

Определите, сохраняется ли конечная буква при присоединении к глаголу окончания -ing. Если сохраняется, в талон ответов внесите цифру 1, если не сохраняется - цифру 2.
a) commute b) produce c) give d) clarify e) argue
[[2,2,2,1,2]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Определите, сохраняется ли конечная буква при присоединении к глаголу окончания -ing. Если сохраняется, в талон ответов внесите цифру 1, если не сохраняется - цифру 2.
a) study b) stay c) have d) smoke e) leave
[[1,1,2,2,2]]


Определите, сохраняется ли конечная буква при присоединении к глаголу окончания -ing. Если сохраняется, в талон ответов внесите цифру 1, если не сохраняется - цифру 2.

> a) play b) be c) spy d) spray e) squeeze
[[1,1,1,1,2]]

Определите, сохраняется ли конечная буква при присоединении к глаголу окончания -ing. Если сохраняется, в талон ответов внесите цифру 1 , если не сохраняется - цифру 2.


Определите, сохраняется ли конечная буква при присоединении к глаголу окончания -ing. Если сохраняется, в талон ответов внесите цифру 1, если не сохраняется - цифру 2.
a) educate b) give c) say d) come e) convey
[[2,2,1,2,1]]

## 4 задание

Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) come 2) give 3) look 4) set 5) put 6) take 7) turn
a) Don't forget to $\qquad$ off the gas when you leave the flat.
b) The news has just $\qquad$ in that the flight is postponed.
c) The plane will $\qquad$ off at midnight.
d) The travellers $\qquad$ off early in the morning.
e) They spent the whole day $\qquad$ around the old castle.
[[7,1,6,4,3]]

Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) give 2) go 3) take 4) put 5) stand 6) play 7) come
a) When the national hymn is played, everybody $\qquad$ up.
b) It's no use trying to keep it secret, it will $\qquad$ out in the end anyway.
c) He had a sandwich and a cup of coffee, then he $\qquad$ on working.
d) Playing video games has become too tiring; I think I will $\qquad$ it up.
e) I will $\qquad$ off my visit till you can go with me.

$$
[[5,7,2,1,4]]
$$

Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) give 2) take 3) come 4) do 5) go 6) make 7) put
a) That vase is very expensive. __ it down before you drop it.
b) The party ___ off very well, we all enjoyed ourselves.
c) Last week he $\qquad$ back all the books he had borrowed.
d) Seeing me at the party, she $\qquad$ up to me immediately.
e) People often $\qquad$ me for my sister. We look very much alike.
[[7,5,1,3,2]]

Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) stand 2) ride 3) get 4) give 5) fall 6) look 7) go
a) She went to the window and $\qquad$ out.
b) My sister got on a horse and $\qquad$ off.
c) The bus stopped, and she $\qquad$ out.
d) I decided to wait outside the cinema, so I didn't $\qquad$ in.
e) He looked insulted, that's why he $\qquad$ up and left the room.
[[6,2,3,7,1]]

Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) look 2) leave 3) get 4) give 5) go 6) come 7) sit
a) Go away and don't ever $\qquad$ back!
b) The thief managed to $\qquad$ away with the crime.
c) There was a free seat, so she $\qquad$ down.
d) Wait a minute, don't $\qquad$ away! I want to talk to you.
e) He heard a plane and $\qquad$ up.

Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) turn 2) look 3) give 4) set 5) put 6) come 7) take
a) The travellers ___ off early in the morning.
b) The plane will $\qquad$ off at midnight.
c) Don't forget to $\qquad$ off the gas when you leave the flat.
d) They spent the whole day $\qquad$ around the old castle.
e) The news has just $\qquad$ in that the flight is postponed.
[[4,7,1,2,6]]

Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) play 2) come 3) take 4) put 5) give 6) stand 7) go
a) I will $\qquad$ off my visit till you can go with me.
b) It's no use trying to keep it secret, it will $\qquad$ out in the end anyway.
c) When the national hymn is played, everybody $\qquad$ up.
d) Playing video games has become too tiring; I think I will $\qquad$ it up.
e) He had a sandwich and a cup of coffee, then he $\qquad$ on working.

## 5 задание

Заполните пропуски подходящими по смыслу артиклями и внесите номера выбранных вариантов в талон ответов:

1) a/an 2) the 3) no article

As a)
$\qquad$ sales rep, a lot of my working day is spent on b) $\qquad$ road or in c) $\qquad$ air. I work in d)
$\qquad$ telecommunications, so I mainly sell e) $\qquad$ telecoms equipment.
[[1,2,2,3,3]]
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Заполните пропуски подходящими по смыслу артиклями и внесите номера выбранных вариантов в талон ответов:

1) a/an 2) the 3) no article
a)__ Denglish is b)___ language which is c)___ mixture of English and German. d) $\qquad$ language is often used in e) $\qquad$ advertisements in Germany.
[[3,1,1,2,3]]
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Заполните пропуски подходящими по смыслу артиклями и внесите номера выбранных вариантов в талон ответов:
2) a/an 2) the 3) no article

It was a) $\qquad$ April b) $\qquad$ $1^{\text {st }}$, so I decided to play c) $\qquad$ practical joke on my brother Dan. He is always playing d) $\qquad$ jokes on me, so I decided it was e) $\qquad$ great opportunity to get my own back.
[[3,2,1,3,1]]


Заполните пропуски подходящими по смыслу артиклями и внесите номера выбранных вариантов в талон ответов:

1) alan 2) the 3) no article
a) $\qquad$ famous British writer William Somerset Maugham was born in b) $\qquad$ Paris. His parents died, and he then lived in England with c $\qquad$ relatives. Maugham studied medicine before deciding to become d) $\qquad$ writer. By 1908 he was famous, with four plays running in different theatres in London at e) $\qquad$ same time.
[[2,3,3,1,2]]
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Заполните пропуски подходящими по смыслу артиклями и внесите номера выбранных вариантов в талон ответов:

## 1) a/an 2) the 3) no article

During a)___ First World War William Somerset Maugham served as b)___ intelligence officer and developed c) $\qquad$ love of travel that stayed with him for d) $\qquad$ rest of his life. Leaving his wife and daughter at e) $\qquad$ home, he journeyed around the world.
[[2, 1, 1,2,3]]


Заполните пропуски подходящими по смыслу артиклями и внесите номера выбранных вариантов в талон ответов:

## 1) a/an 2) the 3) no article

a) $\qquad$ great British writer Anthony Trollope had b) $\qquad$ unhappy start in c) $\qquad$ life. His father was frequently in d) $\qquad$ debt and, as a result, e) $\qquad$ family was often forced to move.
[[2, 1,3,3,2]]
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Заполните пропуски подходящими по смыслу артиклями и внесите номера выбранных вариантов в талон ответов:

## 1) a/an 2) the 3) no article

Pelham Grenville Wodehouse spent most of his childhood in a) $\qquad$ England in b) $\qquad$ care of $c$ )
$\qquad$ various aunts, while his father was d) $\qquad$ official in e) $\qquad$ Hong Kong.
[[3,2,3,1,3]]


## 6 задание

Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу лексико-грамматические варианты. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
(a) $\qquad$ is considered to be (b) $\qquad$ newspaper (c) $\qquad$ established (d) $\qquad$ (e) $\qquad$ serious alternative to sensational journalism.
a) 1) New York Times
2) The New York Times
3) The New York Post
b) 1) American most popular 2) most America's popular
3) the USA's most prestigious
c) 1) what
2) which
3) whose
d) 1) herself
2) oneself
3) itself
e) 1) as
2) as a
3) like a
[[2,3,2,3,2]]


Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу лексико-грамматические варианты. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

People (a) $\qquad$ to buy (b) $\qquad$ , and (c) $\qquad$ this trend is probably (d) $\qquad$ popularity (e) $\qquad$ .
a) 1) begun
2) have began
3) have begun
b) 1) little newspapers
2) less newspapers
3) more newspapers
c) 1) most important reason of
2) the most typical cause for

3 ) the most important reason for
d) 1) growing
2) grown

3 ) the growing
e) 1) of television
2) of the television
3) of radio and the television
[[3,2,3,3,1]]

Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу лексико-грамматические варианты. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
(a) $\qquad$ writer Mark Twain (b) $\qquad$ jobs (c) $\qquad$ his first story. He is recognized (d) $\qquad$
(e) $\qquad$ .
a) 1) The America's
2) The famous USA's
3) The famous American
b) 1) changed lot of
2) had changed many
3) changed much
c) 1) until he had composed
2) before he wrote
3) until he came up with
d) 1) as a keen humorous author
2) like a great humour story teller
3) as having a call for the humorous literature
e) 1) in all countries of the world
2) almost anywhere in the world
3) all over
[[3,2,2,1,2]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу лексико-грамматические варианты. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
The majority of Americans - about 85 percent -a) $\qquad$ neither wealthy nor poor. They b)
$\qquad$ to the broad c) $\qquad$ category d) $\qquad$ to be 'middle class', but they e) $\qquad$ by the fact that poverty exists in their land.
a) 1) are
2 ) is
3) was
b) 1) are belonging
2 ) were belonging
3) belong
c) 1) economic
2) economical
3) economy
d) 1) consider
2) considering
3) considered
e) 1) troubled
2) are troubled
3) trouble

Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу лексико-грамматические варианты. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

I a) $\qquad$ in the number of my pages; if I b) $\qquad$ not, I would describe completely the qualities and beauties of Hetta Bell. Here I can say only c) $\qquad$ words. Hetta was a d) $\qquad$ , rather heavy young woman, with the e) $\qquad$ smooth hair, and the brownest bright eyes.
a) 1) limited
2) am limited
3) am limiting
b) 1) were
2) am
3) be
c) 1) few
2) little
3) a few
d) 1) short
2) high
3) medium
e) 1) soft
2) softer
3) softest
[[2,1,3,1,3]]
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу лексико-грамматические варианты.
Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

His name was James Dunn, and a) $\qquad$ profession he was an engineer. I b) $\qquad$ quite understood what problem there was with the railway which ran from Schenectady to Lake Champlain in c) $\qquad$ days of cold and snow. Banks and bridges had in some way suffered, and it was James Dunn's duty d) $\qquad$ that they e) $\qquad$ -.
a) 1) in
2) with
3) by
b) 1) never
2) always
3) often
c) 1) these
2) that
3) those
d) 1) seeing
2) see
3) to see
e) 1) are repaired 2) were repaired 3) were repairing
[[3,1,3,3,2]]


Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу лексико-грамматические варианты. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

Have you ever thought about the future? One of the most amazing a) $\qquad$ I have heard about the twenty-first century is that we will be living b ) $\qquad$ . Scientists c) $\qquad$ to come d) $\qquad$ a cure e) $\qquad$ a lot of diseases.
a) 1) inventions
2) predictions
3) discoveries
b) 1) longer
2) longest
3) the longest
c) 1) supposed
2) suppose
3) are supposed
d) 1) up with
2) with about
3) up about
e) 1) of
2) from
3) for
[[2,1,3,1,3]]
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## 7 задание

Определите, какой вариант предложения с косвенной речью (1-3) соответствует предложению с прямой речью (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) Jack said, 'I'm sorry to disturb you, Viki'.

1) Jack told that he was sorry to disturb Viki.
2) Jack told Viki he was sorry to disturb her.
3) Jack said to Viki he had been sorry to disturb her.
b) He said, 'Where is Joanna flying?'
4) He asked where was Joanna flying.
5) He asked where Joanna flew.
6) He asked where Joanna was flying.
c) The customer said, 'I would like to buy it'.
7) The customer said that he would like to buy it.
8) The customer said he would have liked to buy it.
9) The customer said that he liked to buy it.
d) 'If we had more detailed instructions, we would know what to do', said the guard.
10) The guard said that if they had had more detailed instructions, they would have known what to do.
11) The guard said if they had more detailed instructions, they knew what to do.
12) The guard said that if they had more detailed instructions, they would know what to do.
e) Robby asked, 'Bobby, do you know the new cinema? It's near here'.
13) Robby asked Bobby if he knew the new cinema that was near there.
14) Robby asked Bobby did he know the new cinema, it was near there.
15) Robby asked Bobby where the new cinema was.
[ [2,3,1,3,1]]


Определите, какой вариант предложения с косвенной речью (1-3) соответствует предложению с прямой речью (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) The doctor asked me, 'How do you feel?'

1) The doctor asked me how did I feel.
2) The doctor asked me how I was feeling.
3) The doctor asked me how I felt.
b) 'Will you be free tomorrow?' Jill asked Jack.
4) Jill asked would Jack be free the next day.
5) Jill asked Jack if he would be free the following day.
6) Jill asked if Jack will be free tomorrow.
c) 'Don't open the door or answer the phone,' said her parents.
7) Her parents said to her not to open the door or answer the phone.
8) Her parents told her not to open the door and to answering the phone.
9) Her parents told her neither to open the door nor to answer the phone.
d) The students said, 'We wish our exams were over'.
10) The students said they wished their exams had been over.
11) The students said that they wished their exams have been over.
12) The students said they wished their exams were over.
e) Henry said, 'Mike has been my best friend since our early childhood'.
13) Henry said that Mike had been his best friend since their early childhood.
14) Henry told Mike that he had been his best friend since their early childhood.
15) Henry said that Mike has been my best friend since our early childhood.
[[3,2,3,3,1]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Определите, какой вариант предложения с косвенной речью (1-3) соответствует предложению с прямой речью (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) 'Where is the nearest bus stop?' the old man addressed a policeman.
16) The old man asked where was the nearest bus stop.
17) The old man asked a policeman where the nearest bus stop was.
18) The old man told a policeman where the nearest bus stop was.
b) The teacher said to us, 'Be quiet, please'.
19) The teacher asked us be quiet.
20) The teacher told us to be quiet.
21) The teacher said to us to be quiet.
c) 'Could you show me these jeans, please?' said the boy.
22) The boy asked to show him those jeans.
23) The boy said to show him those jeans.
24) The boy asked if the salesgirl can show him these jeans.
d) 'If I were you, I'd stop playing video games,' Jeff said.
25) Jeff said that if he were him, he would have stopped playing video games.
26) Jeff said that if he had been him, he would stop playing video games.
27) Jeff advised him to stop playing video games.
e) Shop assistant: Would you wait half an hour, please? Customer: All right.
28) The shop assistant asked whether the customer would wait half an hour. The customer said that it was all right.
29) The shop assistant asked if the customer would wait half an hour. The customer agreed to wait.
30) The shop assistant asked whether the customer would wait half an hour. The customer said it would be all right.

## [[2,2,1,3,2]]

Определите, какой вариант предложения с косвенной речью (1-3) соответствует предложению с прямой речью (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) Jack said, 'I'm sorry to disturb you, Viki'.

1) Jack told that he was sorry to disturb Viki.
2) Jack said to Viki he had been sorry to disturb her.
3) Jack told Viki he was sorry to disturb her.
b) He said, 'Where is Joanna flying?'
4) He asked where was Joanna flying.
5) He asked where Joanna was flying.
6) He asked where Joanna flew.
c) The customer said, 'I would like to buy it'.
7) The customer said that he would like to buy it.
8) The customer said he would have liked to buy it.
9) The customer said that he liked to buy it.
d) 'If we had more detailed instructions, we would know what to do', said the guard.
10) The guard said that if they had had more detailed instructions, they would have known what to do.
11) The guard said that if they had more detailed instructions, they would know what to do.
12) The guard said if they had more detailed instructions, they knew what to do.
e) Robby asked, 'Bobby, do you know the new cinema? It's near here'.
13) Robby asked Bobby if he knew the new cinema that was near there.
14) Robby asked Bobby did he know the new cinema, it was near there.
15) Robby asked Bobby where the new cinema was.
[[3,2,1,2,1]]
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Определите, какой вариант предложения с косвенной речью (1-3) соответствует предложению с прямой речью (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) The doctor asked me, 'How do you feel?'
16) The doctor asked me how did I feel.
17) The doctor asked me how I felt.
18) The doctor asked me how I was feeling.
b) 'Will you be free tomorrow?' Jill asked Jack.
19) Jill asked Jack if he would be free the following day.
20) Jill asked would Jack be free the next day.
21) Jill asked if Jack will be free tomorrow.
c) 'Don't open the door or answer the phone,' said her parents.
22) Her parents said to her not to open the door or answer the phone.
23) Her parents told her not to open the door and to answering the phone.
24) Her parents told her neither to open the door nor to answer the phone.
d) The students said, 'We wish our exams were over'.
25) The students said they wished their exams had been over.
26) The students said that they wished their exams have been over.
27) The students said they wished their exams were over.
e) Henry said, 'Mike has been my best friend since our early childhood'.
28) Henry told Mike that he had been his best friend since their early childhood.
29) Henry said that Mike had been his best friend since their early childhood.
30) Henry said that Mike has been my best friend since our early childhood.

Определите, какой вариант предложения с косвенной речью (1-3) соответствует предложению с прямой речью (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e) в талон ответов.
a) 'Where is the nearest bus stop?' the old man addressed a policeman.

1) The old man asked where was the nearest bus stop.
2) The old man told a policeman where the nearest bus stop was.
3) The old man asked a policeman where the nearest bus stop was.
b) The teacher said to us, 'Be quiet, please'.
4) The teacher asked us be quiet.
5) The teacher told us to be quiet.
6) The teacher said to us to be quiet.
c) 'Could you show me these jeans, please?' said the boy.
7) The boy asked to show him those jeans.
8) The boy said to show him those jeans.
9) The boy asked if the salesgirl can show him these jeans.
d) 'If I were you, I'd stop playing video games,' Jeff said.
10) Jeff said that if he were him he would have stopped playing video games.
11) Jeff said that if he had been him he would stop playing video games.
12) Jeff advised him to stop playing video games.
e) Shop assistant: Would you wait half an hour, please? Customer: All right.
13) The shop assistant asked whether the customer would wait half an hour. The customer said that it was all right.
14) The shop assistant asked whether the customer would wait half an hour. The customer said it would be all right.
15) The shop assistant asked if the customer would wait half an hour. The customer agreed to wait.
[[3,2,1,3,3]]


Определите, какой вариант предложения с косвенной речью (1-3) соответствует предложению с прямой речью (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e) в талон ответов.
a) 'Why hasn't he locked the door?' the policeman asked himself.

1) The policeman asked why she hadn't locked the door.
2) The policeman wondered why the criminal hadn't locked the door.
3) The policeman wondered why he hadn't locked the door.
b) The teacher said to us, 'Please, be quiet please'.
4) The teacher ordered us to be quiet.
5) The teacher told us to be quiet.
6) The teacher told us be quiet.
c) 'If I were you, I'd stop playing video games,' Jeff said.
7) Jeff said that if he were him, he would have stopped playing video games.
8) Jeff said that if he had been him, he would stop playing video games.
9) Jeff advised him to stop playing video games.
d) Mrs Smith said to her husband, 'Don't wear the best trousers in the garden'.
10) Mrs Smith said to her husband not to wear the best trousers in the garden.
11) Mrs Smith advised Mr Smith to wear his best trousers in the garden.
12) Mrs Smith told Mr Smith not to wear the best trousers in the garden.
e) 'Where is the nearest bus stop' the old man addressed a policeman.
13) The old man asked where was the nearest bus stop.
14) The old man asked a policeman where the nearest bus stop was.
15) The old man wondered from a policeman where the nearest bus stop was.

## [[3,2,3,3,2]]

## 8 задание

Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) after
2) for
3) forward
4) through
5) into
6) around
7) out
a) Who will look $\qquad$ your children while you are away?
b) Look $\qquad$ ! There's a bus coming.
c) Her friend is looking $\qquad$ a new job.
d) They will look $\qquad$ all the applications and choose the best.
e) The police are looking $\qquad$ the disappearance of a big sum of money.
[[1,7,2,4,5]]
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
8) about
9) by
10) across
11) through
12) into
13) over
14) on
a) The girl came $\qquad$ her old diary while she was cleaning the room.
b) Why don't you come $\qquad$ for dinner later on?
c) How did it come $\qquad$ that people speak so many languages?
d) Come $\qquad$ , we haven't got all day - let's get going!
e) How did you come $\qquad$ these tickets? I've been trying to get some for ages.
[[3,6,1,7,2]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
15) away
16) off
17) across
18) in
19) into
20) out
21) up
a) My parents gave $\qquad$ and bought me a puppy.
b) You should give $\qquad$ going to bed so late.
c) I can't forgive him for giving $\qquad$ my secret. It was very mean of him.
d) The fish is giving $\qquad$ a horrible smell in the kitchen.
e) Students were giving $\qquad$ leaflets to everyone in the street. [[4,7,1,2,6]]

Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) after
2) forward
3) for
4) out
5) into
6) around
7) through
a) Who will look $\qquad$ your cats while you are away?
b) Her friend is looking $\qquad$ a new house.
c) They will look $\qquad$ all the applications and choose the best.
d) Look $\qquad$ ! There's a car coming.
e) The police are looking $\qquad$ the disappearance of a big sum of money.

## [[1,3,7,4,5]]



Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) through
2) on
3) across
4) over
5) into
6) by 7) about
a) The girl came $\qquad$ her old books while she was cleaning the room.
b) Why don't you come $\qquad$ for supper later on?
c) How did it come $\qquad$ that people speak so many languages?
d) Come $\qquad$ , we haven't got all day - let's hurry!
e) How did you come $\qquad$ these tickets? I've been trying to get some for ages.

## [[3,4,7,2,6]]

++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) in
2) off
3) away
4) across
5) into
6) up
7) out
a) My parents gave $\qquad$ and bought me a kitten.
b) You should give $\qquad$ sleeping so late.
c) I can't forgive him for giving $\qquad$ my secret. It was very thoughtless of him.
d) The meat is giving $\qquad$ a horrible smell in the kitchen.
e) Young people were giving $\qquad$ leaflets to everyone in the street.
[[1,6,3,2,7]]
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++ Завершите фразы, выбрав требуемое по смыслу слово. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
8) over
9) back
10) from
11) down
12) off
13) out of
14) into
a) I was going to buy an expensive phone, but my mum talked me $\qquad$ it.
b) My father treats me like a child. He always talks $\qquad$ to me.
c) Let's go for a coffee and talk it $\qquad$ —.
d) You shouldn't talk $\qquad$ to your parents in this way.
e) I finally managed to talk my mother ___ buying a dog!
[[6,4,1,2,7]]

## 9 задание

Определите, при помощи каких префиксов (1) - 7) образуются антонимы слов (а) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) un-2) il- 3 ) im- 4 ) in- 5 ) ir- 6 ) dis- 7 ) mis- 8 ) de-
a) ___appointed
b) ___centralized
c) __understand
d) __rational
e) ___pleasant
[ [6, 8,7,5,1]]

Определите, при помощи каких префиксов (1) - 7) образуются антонимы слов (а) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e). В ряде случаев указано, какой частью речи является слово.

1) un- 2 ) il- 3 ) im- 4 ) in- 5 ) ir- 6 ) dis- 7 ) mis- 8 ) de-
a) $\qquad$ read (v)
b) ___read (participle)
c) __possible
d) $\qquad$ regular
e) $\qquad$ dependent

## [[7,1,3,5,4]]



Определите, при помощи каких префиксов (1) - 7) образуются антонимы слов (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e). В ряде случаев указано, какой частью речи является слово.

1) un-2) il- 3 ) im- 4 ) in- 5 ) ir- 6 ) dis- 7 ) mis- 8 ) de-
a) $\qquad$ like (v)
b) $\qquad$ like (adj)
c) $\qquad$ moral
d) $\qquad$ legal
e) $\qquad$ competent
[[6, 1,3,2,4]]


Определите, при помощи каких префиксов (1) - 7) образуются антонимы слов (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) un-2) il- 3 ) im- 4 ) in- 5 ) ir- 6 ) dis- 7 ) mis- 8 ) de-
a) $\qquad$ healthy
b) $\qquad$ correct
c) $\qquad$ moral
d) $\qquad$ responsible
e) $\qquad$ treat

Определите, при помощи каких префиксов (1) - 7) образуются антонимы слов (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) un-2) il- 3 ) im- 4 ) in- 5 ) ir- 6 ) dis- 7 ) mis- 8 ) de-
a) $\qquad$ valuation
b) $\qquad$ literate
c) __ interpret
d) $\qquad$ mobile
e) $\qquad$ real

## [[8,2,7,3,1]]



Определите, при помощи каких префиксов (1) -7) образуются антонимы слов (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e). В ряде случаев указано, какой частью речи является слово.

1) un- 2 ) il- 3 ) im- 4 ) in- 5 ) ir- 6 ) dis- 7 ) mis- 8 ) de-
a) $\qquad$ use (v)
b) $\qquad$ realistic
c) ___polite
d) __regular
e) $\qquad$ direct

## [[7,1,3,5,4]]

Определите, при помощи каких префиксов (1) - 7) образуются антонимы слов (а) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) un- 2 ) il- 3 ) im- 4 ) in- 5 ) ir- 6 ) dis- 7 ) mis- 8 ) de-
a) __pleasant
b) ___centralized
c) __ rational
d) ___ understand
e) ___ appointed

## [[1,8,5,7,6]]

## 10 задание

Завершите фразы, употребив правильную форму сравнения. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) Dorothy is $\qquad$ in her family.

1) the youngest
2) the younger
3) a younger
b) Henry is not $\qquad$ his elder brother Bob.
4) so strong as
5) strong as
6) stronger
c) Your friend looked upset yesterday. I am glad he looks $\qquad$ today.
7) more happy
8) happier
9) as happy
d) Where is $\qquad$ post office here, please?
10) the nearest
11) the next
12) the nearer
e) Public transport in London is $\qquad$ in Europe.
13) the less expensive
14) more expensive
15) the most expensive
[[1,1,2,1,3]]


Завершите фразы, употребив правильную форму сравнения. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) This is $\qquad$ theatre in London.

1) the eldest
2) an older
3) the oldest
b) This house is $\qquad$ of all the houses in this street.
4) as new
5) the newest
6) a newer
c) Life is $\qquad$ it used to be.
7) easier than
8) so easy as
9) more easy than
d) The problem was $\qquad$ we expected.
10) more serious than
11) less serious as
12) seriouser than
e) Their school is probably twice $\qquad$ ours.
13) bigger than
14) as big as
15) smaller as

## [[3,2,1,1,2]]



Завершите фразы, употребив правильную форму сравнения. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) My $\qquad$ sister doesn't live with us.

1) older
2) elder
3) littler
b) Look it up on the Internet if you need $\qquad$ information.
4) farther
5) less
6) further
c) Let's go by train. It's much $\qquad$ .
7) more expensive
8) cheaper
9) more cheap
d) He has $\qquad$ time than me.
10) much more
11) many more
12) littler
e) The grass is always $\qquad$ on the other side.
13) green
14) more green
15) greener
[[2,3,2,1,3]]


Завершите фразы, употребив правильную форму сравнения. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) Emily is $\qquad$ in her family.

1) the younger
2) the youngest
3) a younger
b) Frank is not $\qquad$ his elder brother Richard.
4) strong as
5) so strong as
6) stronger
c) Your friend looked upset yesterday. I am glad he looks $\qquad$ today.
7) as happy
8) more happy
9) happier
d) Where is $\qquad$ post office here, please?
10) the next
11) the nearest
12) the nearer
e) Public transport in London is $\qquad$ in Europe.
13) the most expensive
14) the less expensive
15) more expensive
[[2,2,3,2,1]]

Завершите фразы, употребив правильную форму сравнения. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) This is $\qquad$ cinema in the city.

1) the oldest
2) the eldest
3) the older
b) This house is $\qquad$ of all the houses in this street.
4) as new
5) the newest
6) a newest
c) Life is $\qquad$ it used to be.
7) easiest than
8) not so easy as
9) more difficult then
d) The problem was $\qquad$ we expected.
10) seriouser than
11) more serious than
12) less serious as
e) Their school is probably twice $\qquad$ ours.
13) bigger than
14) smaller as
15) as big as
[[1,2,2,2,3]]

Завершите фразы, употребив правильную форму сравнения. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) My $\qquad$ brother doesn't live with us any longer.

1) littler
2) older
3) elder
b) Look it up on the Internet if you need $\qquad$ details.
4) further
5) smaller
6) farther
c) Let's go by car. It's much $\qquad$ .
7) expensiver
8) cheaper
9) more cheap
d) He has $\qquad$ free time than me.
10) many more
11) much more
12) littler
e) The grass is always $\qquad$ on the other side of the fence.
13) fresh
14) green
15) greener

## [[3,1,2,2,3]]



Завершите фразы, употребив правильную форму сравнения. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) We know $\qquad$ than we want to.

1) littler
2) most
3) less
b) Look it up in the reference book if you need $\qquad$ details.
4) smaller
5) farther
6) further
c) She is $\qquad$ thing I have ever seen in my life.
7) the prettyest
8) the prettiest
9) the most pretty
d) I can't afford to quarrel with my two $\qquad$ friends.
10) better
11) the best
12) best
e) The grass is always $\qquad$ on the other side of the fence.
13) greener
14) freshest
15) green

## [[3,3,2,3,1]]

## 11 задание

Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу предлоги. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) in
2) at
3 ) on
a) Write your name $\qquad$ the back of this paper.
b) We stopped $\qquad$ the way to Rome to call on her.
c) Turn left $\qquad$ the traffic lights.
d) I put a note $\qquad$ the door for John to know where to look for me.
e) When she came, Albert was looking $\qquad$ the mirror.
[[3,3,2,3,1]]


Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу предлоги. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) in
2) at
3) on
a) Don't forget to put your signature $\qquad$ the bottom of the page.
b) The car is $\qquad$ front of the carriage.
c) Who is that man $\qquad$ the corner of the hall?
d) I didn't know that Karl is $\qquad$ this photo.
e) Paris is $\qquad$ the river Seine.
[[2,1,1,1,3]]

Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу предлоги. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) in 2 ) at 3 ) on
a) Look at those horses ___ the field!
b) He had a scar $\qquad$ his left cheek.
c) We were tired as we'd been $\qquad$ sea for 3 months.
d) The train arrived $\qquad$ the station an hour later.
e) She is sick, she wasn't $\qquad$ work yesterday.
[[1,3,2,2,2]]

Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу предлоги. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) at
2) on
3) through
a) I put a note $\qquad$ the door for John to know where to look for me.
b) Write your surname $\qquad$ the back of this paper.
c) When she came, Albert was looking $\qquad$ the newspaper.
d) We stopped $\qquad$ the way to Paris to see her.
e) Turn left $\qquad$ the traffic lights.

## [[2,2,3,2,1]]

Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу предлоги. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) in
2) at
3) from
a) Who is that man $\qquad$ the corner of the hall?
b) I'm writing $\qquad$ reply to your advertisement.
c) I have already heard about you $\qquad$ a friend of mine.
d) I didn't know that Karl is $\qquad$ this picture.
e) Are you good $\qquad$ math?
[[1,1,3,1,2]]


Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу предлоги. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) $o n$
2) at
3) in
a) He had a scar $\qquad$ his right cheek.
b) The train arrived $\qquad$ Moscow an hour later.
c) He ended up $\qquad$ prison.
d) Look at those deer $\qquad$ the field!
e) She is sick, she wasn't $\qquad$ work yesterday.
[[1,3,3,3,2]]

Завершите фразы, выбрав подходящие по смыслу предлоги. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов ( 1,2 или 3 ) в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) in
2) at
3) from
a) He arrived $\qquad$ Great Britain half a month ago.
b) Who has taken my books $\qquad$ the shelf?
c) My friend lives $\qquad$ Petrovka Street.
d) I am hopeless $\qquad$ chess.
e) Pour some water $\qquad$ the kettle, please.
[[1,3,1,2,1]]


## 12 задание

Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

## Natural navigation

## Max Davidson explains how to find your way using only stars, sun, trees and wind

'Natural navigation' is exactly what the phrase suggests: route-finding that depends on interpreting natural signs - the sun, the stars, the direction of the wind, the trees - rather than using maps and compasses. There is a lot to be said for understanding the science of navigation and direction-finding. If people become too dependent on technology, they can lose connection with nature, which is a pity.'

The natural navigator's best friend, inevitably, is the sun. We all know that it rises in the east, sets in the west and, at its zenith, is due south. But if it is, say, three in the afternoon and you are lost in the desert, how do you get your bearings? The answer is to find a stick. By noting the different places where its shadow falls over a short period of time, you will quickly locate the east-west axis. 'The sun influences things even if you can't see it,' Max says.

You might not be in the desert, but walking along a forest track in Britain. One side of the track is darker in colour than the other. 'Ah-ha!' thinks the natural navigator. 'It is darker because it is damper, which means it is getting less sun, because it is shaded by the trees, which means that south is that way.' You can now stride confidently southwards - or in whichever direction you wish to head - without fiddling with a map.
'Natural navigation' forces us to look at the world in new and unexpected ways. Just when we think we are getting the hang of it, Max sets us a particularly difficult task. A photograph of a house comes up on the screen. An orange sun is peeping over the horizon behind the house. There is a tree in the foreground. 'Just study the picture for a few minutes,' Max says, 'and tell me in which direction the photographer is pointing the camera.' Very tricky. Is the sun rising or setting? Is the tree growing straight up or leaning to the right? Is that a star twinkling over the chimney? Are we in the northern or southern hemisphere? 'South-east,' I say firmly, having analysed the data in minute detail. 'Not quite.' 'Am I close?' 'Not really. The answer is northwest.' Ah well. Only 180 degrees out.

Still, if I am bottom of the class, I have caught the natural navigation bug. What a fascinating science, both mysterious and universal. It is hardly what you would call a practical skill: there are too many man-made aids to navigation at our disposal. But it connects us, thrillingly, to the world around us - and to those long-dead ancestors who circled the globe with nothing but stars to guide them. It reminds us what it means to be human.
a) What does the author say about 'natural navigation' in the first paragraph?

1) It is definitely more accurate than using technology.
2) It requires some analysis of certain details.
3) It is very rarely used.
4) It is not required most of the time.
b) The use of a stick in a desert
5) is not really very helpful.
6) requires a lot of equipment and, as a result, is not very effective.
7) works best at particular times of the night.
8) proves the influence of the sun on many things.
c) The example of walking along a forest track illustrates
9) the fact that in some cases the sun may not be used to find your way.
10) how important it is to note differences between shades of colour.
11) the disadvantages of learning natural navigation.
12) the similarity between the desert and other places, such as a forest.
d) What does 'it' in the phrase 'getting the hang of it' refer to?
13) something unexpected and inexplicable
14) a way in which to look at things
15) natural navigation
16) a particular problem connected with a picture
e) The writer's attitude towards natural navigation is that
17) he is hopeless at it.
18) it is a very valuable skill in the modern world.
19) it takes too much time to master.
20) it is exciting though not very useful.

## [[2,4,2,3,4]]

Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

Children's memories

Whether it's holidays, great days out or lazy days at home, you hope your children will keep happy memories of their childhoods. But often their treasured recollections are not the same as their parents' expectations.

Take my friend Sarah. Back on the train after a day at both the Natural History and the Science museums with three children under 10, she asked, 'So what did you all learn?' 'That if I bang my head on something hard, it's going to hurt,' came the reply from her six-year-old daughter. Roaring dinosaurs and an expensive lunch had little impact, but the bump on a banister was to become a family legend. After I'd helped out on a school trip to Tate Modern art gallery, the teacher told me that three of her five-year-old pupils said that the escalators were their most memorable bit of the day. 'On a zoo trip, Luca liked the caterpillar best,' says my friend Barbara. 'Forget lions, giraffes and gorillas. What made the most impression (and what he still talks about five years later) is the time he found a caterpillar at the zoo.'

Food is very important in other children's memories. 'Did you like going on the plane?' a friend asked her three-year-old daughter after her first flight. 'I liked the crisps,' came the reply. Four years on, another friend's daughter still remembers Menorca for the tomato-flavoured crisps and Pembrokeshire for the dragon ice cream (ice cream in a dragon-shaped pot). Last summer, Janey and her husband took their three children on a three-week train trip around Europe. 'We wanted to open their minds to the joys of travel and experiencing different cultures,' she says. 'But the high point for them was the Mickey Mouse-shaped ice cream. That was in Rome. I wonder whether the Coliseum made any sort of impression.'

But children expert Suzie Hayman is reassuring. 'I think food figures high in everybody's memories,' she says. 'I just have to think of hot chocolate and I'm transported back to Paris. Adults tend to be less direct or simply try hard to come up to other people's expectations.'

My nine-year-old daughter has a memory theory: the more uncomfortable the bed, the better the holiday. So sleeping on bathroom floors makes for a fantastic time and fluffy pillows and soft mattresses (more expensive) equal boring. Can you imagine it?
a) What do all of the memories mentioned in the second paragraph have in common?

1) They concerned something unexpected and unpleasant that happened during a trip.
2) They were not things that the children remembered for long.
3) They concerned trips that only adults enjoyed.
4) They were not connected with the main purpose of the trip.
b) The food examples in the third paragraph prove that
5) food is always the main thing children remember about journeys.
6) children's memories of past events rarely involve food.
7) children keep their memories of unusual food for a long time.
8) children enjoy talking about unusual food they have had.
c) What does Suzie Hayman say about memories of food?
9) Food plays an important role in all people's memories.
10) Children more often mention food than adults.
11) Adults don't usually remember what food they have had after a while.
12) The fact that children remember food is not important.
d) Suzie Hayman thinks that
13) on the whole adults are more sincere than children, though they are less direct.
14) adults know what other people expect of them and try not to disappoint their listeners.
15) adults never say anything directly.
16) everybody associates Paris with hot chocolate.
e) Which of the following phrases would make a suitable title for it?
17) Great days out
18) Family legend
19) Unexpected memories
20) Other children's memories
[[4,3,1,2,3]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Прочитайте текст и ответьте на вопросы. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

Brunetti was at the post office at seven-thirty the next morning, located the person in charge of the postmen, showed his warrant card, and explained that he wanted to speak to the postman who delivered mail to the area in Cannaregio near the Palazzo del Cammello. She told him to go to the first floor and ask in the second room on the left, where the Cannaregio postmen sorted their mail. In the room ten or twelve people stood around a huge table, putting letters into slots or pulling them out and packing them into leather bags. He asked the first person he saw where he could find the person who delivered the mail to the Canale della Misericordia area. She looked at him with open curiosity, then pointed to a man halfway along the table and called out, 'Mario, someone wants to talk to you.'

The man called Mario looked at them, then down at the letters in his hands. One by one, merely glancing at the names and addresses, he slipped them quickly into the slots in front of him, then walked over to Brunetti. He was in his late thirties, Brunetti guessed, with light brown hair that fell in a thick wedge across his forehead. Brunetti introduced himself and started to take his warrant card out again, but the postman stopped him with a gesture and suggested they talk over coffee.

They walked down to the bar, where Mario ordered two coffees and asked Brunetti what he could do for him.
'Did you deliver mail to Maria Battestini at Cannaregio ...?'
'Yes. I delivered her mail for three years. I must have taken her, in that time, thirty or forty items of registered mail, had to climb all those steps to get her to sign for them'.

Brunetti anticipated his anger at never having been tipped and waited for him to say it, but the man simply said, 'I don't expect to be tipped, especially by old people, but she never even said thank you!'
'Isn't that a lot of registered mail? Brunetti asked. 'How often did they come?' 'Once a month', the postman answered. 'As regular as a Swiss watch. And it wasn't letters, but those padded envelopes, you know, the sort you send photos or CDs in'.

Or money, thought Brunetti, and asked, 'Do you remember where they came from?'
'There were a couple of addresses, I think', Mario answered. 'They sounded like charity things, you know. Care and Share, and Child Aid. That sort of thing'.
'Can you remember any of them exactly?'
'I deliver mail to almost four hundred people', he said by way of answer.
'Do you remember when they started?'
'Oh, she was getting them already when I started on that route'.
'Who had the route before you?' Brunetti asked.
'Nicolo Matucci, but he retired and went back to Sicily.'
a) Which of the following happens in the first paragraph?

1) Everyone stops working when Brunetti enters the room.
2) Nobody asks why Brunetti is looking for Mario.
3) Brunetti is confused by something he is told.
4) Brunetti becomes impatient with someone.
b) What do we learn about Mario in the second paragraph?
5) He was older than Brunetti had expected.
6) He found his work boring.
7) He was very experienced at his work.
8) He was surprised by Brunetti's arrival.
c) When Mario mentioned getting Maria Battestini to sign for the registered mail,
9) he said that most old people weren't polite to postmen.
10) Brunetti asked him if her reaction had annoyed him.
11) he implied that his efforts deserved a thank you.
12) Brunetti didn't know what to think of his answer.
d) Mario mentions a Swiss watch to give an idea of
13) how similar the registered envelopes were.
14) the constant pattern of the arrival of the registered envelopes.
15) the neat appearance of the registered envelopes.
16) how unusual the registered envelopes were.
e) When asked exactly where the registered envelopes came from, Mario
17) meant that he could not be expected to remember that information.
18) suggested that the addresses had seemed strange to him at first.
19) said that someone else certainly had that information.
20) replied that there were a lot of other addresses which he had to remember.
[[2,3,3,2,1]]

Прочитайте текст ‘Icons of Fashion' и заполните пропуски (a) - e) предложениями (1) - 5). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) $-\mathrm{e})$.

## Icons of Fashion

There are times in the history of any great city when it feels that it's at the centre of all that's fashionable. Though it was depressing and old-fashioned in the fifties, London led the world of fashion during the 'swinging' years of the sixties and during the punk revolution at the end of the seventies. a) $\qquad$ .

Mary Quant left Goldsmith College, London, in the early fifties with very clear ideas of what she wanted to achieve in the world of fashion. b) $\qquad$ She started making clothes designed around simple shapes and patterns, and bright colours.

Mary had been lucky enough to meet and marry a wealthy businessman called Alexander Plunket Green while she was still at college, and it was his investment that allowed her to open a shop soon after finishing her studies. c) $\qquad$ .The year was 1955 .

It was an immediate success, thanks to her innovative designs, comparatively low prices, and eccentric window displays. d) __. By the mid-sixties, Mary Quant was a household name, and a fashion leader of sorts.

She had popularized, some people would say invented, the mini skirt, which was arguably the most iconic fashion statement of the sixties. e) $\qquad$ .

1) In fact she had done more than anyone to make clothes youthful, sexy, and natural.
2) Showing the way were its fashion designers, notably Mary Quant.
3) Mary opened a boutique in Chelsea, in the centre of London.
4) The latter made the clothes look even more stylish.
5) She was fed up with the idea that high fashion should be for the rich and the middle-aged, and thought that it should be fun and liberating.
[[2,5,3,4,1]]

Прочитайте текст ‘Icons of Fashion' и заполните пропуски (a) - e) предложениями (1) - 5). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) -e ).

## Icons of Fashion

There are times in the history of any great city when it feels that it's at the centre of all that's fashionable. Though it was depressing and old-fashioned in the fifties, London led the world of fashion during the 'swinging' years of the sixties and during the punk revolution at the end of the seventies. a) $\qquad$ .

In 1971, Vivienne Westwood's partner, and the father of her son Joseph, opened a shop in King's Road called Let it Rock. His name was Malcolm Maclaren. Vivienne, who had briefly studied at the Harrow School of Art in London, then started to sell her designs in the shop. b)
$\qquad$ . She combined traditional British materials such as tartan with more outrageous items like black leather, metal chains and large safety pins. c) $\qquad$ _.

After years of selling to a small, alternative set of customers, Vivienne's designs were suddenly in demand overnight after the punk rock band The Sex Pistols wore her clothes at their first gig.

Perhaps they loved the style, but it is more likely that their manager, Malcolm Maclaren, influenced their choice of shop. d) $\qquad$ The band's anarchic energy combined with Vivienne's sense of punk style to take the world by storm in the late seventies, rocking the foundations of the fashion world. e) $\qquad$ _.

In more recent years, Vivienne has introduced many other elements into her fashion design, such as ways of cutting material borrowed from eighteenth-century clothes makers, and patterns first
used by indigenous South American peoples. She is always looking for the innovative and shocking, and her ready-to-wear clothes, while no longer strictly punk, are still different and edgy.

1) The influence of those designs is still felt today.
2) They weren't ordinary clothes, nor were they inexpensive.
3) Showing the way were its fashion designers, notably Vivienne Westwood.
4) Although probably motivated by Maclaren's business interests, the clothes and band worked well together.
5) She even used razor blades and dog collars.
[[3,2,5,4,1]]


Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски (a) - e) предложениями (1) - 5). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).

We've all heard amazing stories in which people struggle heroically to survive in dangerous circumstances. We wonder what we would have done in similar impossible situations and find it hard to imagine how these people found the strength to stay alive. a) ___. As the following story shows, the will to survive isn't always so strong.

Thrilling yet terrifying, the Marathon des Sables is arguably the world's toughest foot race. Competitors attempt a six-day 150 -mile run across the Sahara desert in temperatures of over 100 degrees. b) $\qquad$ .

That, however, is exactly what happened to an Italian policeman called Marco Contadino, a regular competitor, when he took part in the race in 1996. A sandstorm developed as he was running, which covered the marks of the course he was following with sand. c) $\qquad$ . Instead he kept on, desperate to stay in the seventh place in the race, only to find that when the wind dropped he could no longer see the course. He reached for his water bottle and found there were only a few drops left in the bottom of it.
d) $\qquad$ .He started to visualize the agonising death he would soon have to face. A friend had once told him that dying of thirst was the worst of all possible deaths. Fearing such a long and painful death, he decided to cut his wrists with a knife. But, short of water, his blood was thick and would not flow.e) $\qquad$

Five more days passed until, miraculously, a group of nomads found him and took him to a village. Marco discovered he was in Algeria, 130 miles away from the race course.

1) In desperation, he headed out into the desert one more time, expecting to die.
2) The truth, though, is that not all survivors are quite so heroic.
3) For three whole days Marco tried to find his way back to the course, with barely any water and no idea what direction he was heading in.
4) Just imagine getting lost.
5) Marco should have stopped and waited for the storm to calm down.
[[2,4,5,3,1]]

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски (a) - e) предложениями (1) - 5). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

Imagine a day set aside for families to come together from near and far to feast and feel thankful for all that they have, and you've got Thanksgiving Day in the United States. a) __. Traditionally this feast features roast turkey with stuffing, mashed potatoes and gravy, sweet potatoes, squash, cranberry sauce and pumpkin pie with whipped cream. Major college and professional football games are televised that day. b) $\qquad$ _.

The custom began with the Pilgrims in 1621. The Pilgrims were an English religious minority which did not worship the Church of England and therefore suffered persecution. c) _ . . King James I gave them a charter to settle in Virginia, where a British colony had been founded in 1607. On September 16, 1620, a small ship called the Mayflower, carrying 102 passengers, left Plymouth Harbor in England and sailed west. On November 11, 1620, the Mayflower reached North America. d) $\qquad$ . It took them another month to find a suitable place to settle and, finally, on December 26, 1620, the Pilgrims found a harbor which became the site of the town they named Plymouth, in the present State of Massachusetts. The colonists endured a very hard winter of sickness and starvation by the end of which half were dead. But with the help of the native Indians, who taught them how to fish, hunt, and plant corn, their chances for surviving the winter of 1621 looked much brighter. After a successful harvest, Governor William Bradley decided to hold a special Thanksgiving feast, and invited the Indian chief Massosoit and ninety Indians to attend. e) $\qquad$ .They even brought popcorn to share! The original Thanksgiving lasted three whole days and can you believe that all that food was prepared by three women!

The colonists continued to celebrate the autumn harvest with a feast of thanks.

1) They decided to leave the country in search of religious freedom.
2) But storms had blown the ship off course and the Pilgrims were far north of Virginia.
3) This unites many men around the television while women are busy in the kitchen.
4) The guests brought deer meat to be roasted along with the wild turkeys and other wild game for the feast.
5) Some families take part in religious ceremonies in the morning, but for most families the highlight of the day is Thanksgiving dinner.
[[5,3,1,2,4]]

## 13 задание

Прочитайте текст и подберите наиболее точные эквиваленты слов из текста. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

## Natural navigation

Max Davidson explains how to find your way using only stars, sun, trees and wind.
'Natural navigation' is exactly what the phrase suggests: route-finding that depends on interpreting natural signs - the sun, the stars, the direction of the wind, the trees - rather than using maps and compasses. There is a lot to be said for understanding the science of navigation and direction-finding. If people become too dependent on technology, they can lose connection with nature, which is a pity.'

The natural navigator's best friend, inevitably, is the sun. We all know that it rises in the east, sets in the west and, at its zenith, is due south. But if it is, say, three in the afternoon and you are lost in the desert, how do you get your bearings? The answer is to find a stick. By noting the different places where its shadow falls over a short period of time, you will quickly locate the east-west axis. 'The sun influences things even if you can't see it,' Max says.

You might not be in the desert, but walking along a forest track in Britain. One side of the track is darker in colour than the other. 'Ah-ha!' thinks the natural navigator. 'It is darker because it is damper, which means it is getting less sun, because it is shaded by the trees, which means that south is that way.' You can now stride confidently southwards - or in whichever direction you wish to head - without fiddling with a map.
'Natural navigation' forces us to look at the world in new and unexpected ways. Just when we think we are getting the hang of it, Max sets us a particularly difficult task. A photograph of a house comes up on the screen. An orange sun is peeping over the horizon behind the house. There is a tree in the foreground. 'Just study the picture for a few minutes,' Max says, 'and tell me
in which direction the photographer is pointing the camera.' Very tricky. Is the sun rising or setting? Is the tree growing straight up or leaning to the right? Is that a star twinkling over the chimney? Are we in the northern or southern hemisphere? 'South-east,' I say firmly, having analysed the data in minute detail. 'Not quite.' 'Am I close?' 'Not really. The answer is northwest.' Ah well. Only 180 degrees out.

Still, if I am bottom of the class, I have caught the natural navigation bug. What a fascinating science, both mysterious and universal. It is hardly what you would call a practical skill: there are too many man-made aids to navigation at our disposal. But it connects us, thrillingly, to the world around us - and to those long-dead ancestors who circled the globe with nothing but stars to guide them. It reminds us what it means to be human.
a) natural

1) not made by humankind
2) having a minimum treatment
3) coming instinctively to a person 4) spontaneous
b) bearings
4) a way of standing or moving
5) a way of having
6) position of
something
7) a device
c) stride
8) stroll leisurely
9) walk quickly
10) tiptoe quietly
11) wander
d) out
12) from inside
13) distant
14) away from the edge
15) wrong
e) bug
16) illness
17) interest
18) piece of equipment
19) fault
[[1,3,2,4,2]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Прочитайте текст ‘Children's memories’ и подберите наиболее точные эквиваленты слов м словосочетаний из текста. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

## Children's memories

Whether it's holidays, great days out or lazy days at home, you hope your children will keep happy memories of their childhoods. But often their treasured recollections are not the same as their parents' expectations.

Take my friend Sarah. Back on the train after a day at both the Natural History and the Science museums with three children under 10, she asked, 'So what did you all learn?' 'That if I bang my head on something hard, it's going to hurt,' came the reply from her six-year-old daughter. Roaring dinosaurs and an expensive lunch had little impact, but the bump on a banister was to become a family legend. After I'd helped out on a school trip to Tate Modern art gallery, the teacher told me that three of her five-year-old pupils said that the escalators were their most memorable bit of the day. 'On a zoo trip, Luca liked the caterpillar best,' says my friend Barbara.
'Forget lions, giraffes and gorillas. What made the most impression (and what he still talks about five years later) is the time he found a caterpillar at the zoo.'

Food is very important in other children's memories. 'Did you like going on the plane?' a friend asked her three-year-old daughter after her first flight. 'I liked the crisps,' came the reply. Four years on, another friend's daughter still remembers Menorca for the tomato-flavoured crisps and Pembrokeshire for the dragon ice cream (ice cream in a dragon-shaped pot). Last summer, Janey and her husband took their three children on a three-week train trip around Europe. 'We wanted to open their minds to the joys of travel and experiencing different cultures,' she says. 'But the high point for them was the Mickey Mouse-shaped ice cream. That was in Rome. I wonder whether the Coliseum made any sort of impression.'

But children expert Suzie Hayman is reassuring. 'I think food figures high in everybody's memories,' she says. 'I just have to think of hot chocolate and I'm transported back to Paris. Adults tend to be less direct or simply try hard to come up to other people's expectations.'
a) recollection 1) something remembered
2) memorabilia
3) memory
4) happy thought
b) impact

1) contact
2) pressure
3) influence
4) expression
c) experience
5) describe
6) encounter
3 ) understand
7) live through
d) high point
8) value
9) peak
10) likely
11) highlight
e) direct
12) frank
13) insincere
14) true-to-life 4) uncomplicated
[[1,3,2,4,1]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Прочитайте текст и подберите наиболее точные эквиваленты слов (a) - e) из текста. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

Brunetti was at the post office at seven-thirty the next morning, located the person in charge of the postmen, showed his warrant card, and explained that he wanted to speak to the postman who delivered mail to the area in Cannaregio near the Palazzo del Cammello. She told him to go to the first floor and ask in the second room on the left, where the Cannaregio postmen sorted their mail. In the room ten or twelve people stood around a huge table, putting letters into slots or pulling them out and packing them into leather bags. He asked the first person he saw where he could find the person who delivered the mail to the Canale della Misericordia area. She looked at him with open curiosity, then pointed to a man halfway along the table and called out, 'Mario, someone wants to talk to you.'

The man called Mario looked at them, then down at the letters in his hands. One by one, merely glancing at the names and addresses, he slipped them quickly into the slots in front of him, then walked over to Brunetti. He was in his late thirties, Brunetti guessed, with light brown hair that fell in a thick wedge across his forehead. Brunetti introduced himself and started to take his warrant card out again, but the postman stopped him with a gesture and suggested they talk over coffee.

They walked down to the bar, where Mario ordered two coffees and asked Brunetti what he could do for him.
'Did you deliver mail to Maria Battestini at Cannaregio ...?'
'Yes. I delivered her mail for three years. I must have taken her, in that time, thirty or forty items of registered mail, had to climb all those steps to get her to sign for them'.

Brunetti anticipated his anger at never having been tipped and waited for him to say it, but the man simply said, 'I don't expect to be tipped, especially by old people, but she never even said thank you!'
a) locate 1) notice
2) place somewhere
3) discover the place of
b) open

1) welcoming
2) not concealed
3) accessible
c) merely 1) hardly
4) only
5) fast
d) over 1) after
6) beyond
7) during
e) get
8) make
9) obtain
10) ask
[[3,2,2,3,1]]

Прочитайте текст и подберите наиболее точные эквиваленты слов (a) - e) из текста.
Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

Nowadays sections of the media seem to believe that people are more stupid and less wellinformed than they used to be. And young people are the focus of their attention. But, how can society be dumbing down, when both common sense and statistics suggest that this can't be true?

It's a fact that levels of intelligence have been rising steadily over the past 50 years, and it's surely reasonable to suspect that, in an age when technology provides easy access to
information, young people might just know more about what's going on than previous generations did.

However, research carried out in the United States has discovered that young people no longer read newspapers regularly. The researchers claim they are astonished that, whereas decades ago young and old Americans got their news from the same sources, nowadays teenagers and young adults don't read a newspaper as part of their typical daily routine. But why the astonishment? I'm convinced that this has always been true. Young people's lives aren't built around routines, but are often chaotic and unplanned. What's more, why should they make the time to read something that was never written with their interests in mind, anyway? In my experience, such a habit is and always has been something that comes with getting older and settling down.
a) dumb down

1) become cleverer
2) become more stupid
3) make smb more stupid
b) steadily
4) continuously
5) slowly
3 ) without moving
c) suspect 1) think that something is true 2) think that smb has done smth 3) suggest doing smth
d) discover
6) invent
7) look into
8) find out
e) decade
9) 10 years
10) 10 days
11) 10 months

## [[2,1,1,3,1]]

++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Прочитайте текст и подберите наиболее точные эквиваленты слов (a) - e) из текста. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

One of the most popular programmes on TV at the moment is Tribe, which stars Bruce Parry, a former soldier who, like any good TV anthropologist, takes his camera into the heart of the tribal communities he visits, and films the traditions and customs of people who follow an ancient way of life. Bruce takes a slightly different approach, however. Rather than just telling us about remote tribes, Bruce joins them. He eats their food, takes part in their rituals, and completely involves himself in their daily lives.

When I met Bruce Parry in an upmarket restaurant in London, he was smartly dressed with shiny shoes and neatly-combed hair, not exactly the look of a tribal warrior, but not surprising when you consider his time as a soldier. He had his familiar smile and easy-going manner, but he looked tired. Bruce admitted that after spending an exciting year filming the programme, he wasn't feeling as energetic as usual.
a) star

1) feature
2) become a star
3) be admired
b) remote
4) different
5) far away
6) remote control
c) involve oneself 1) practise
7) take an active part
8) affect smth
d) upmarket 1) near the market place 2) up the street
9) very expensive
e) easy-going 1) not worried
10) tight
11) very energetic
[[1,2,2,3,1]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Прочитайте текст и подберите наиболее точные эквиваленты слов (a) - e) из текста. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) $-\mathrm{e})$.

Some people may conclude that, because young people don't read newspapers, they must be less well-informed. But they fail to consider that the widespread use of the Internet has not only changed but improved the way young people access the news. Newspapers are quickly becoming old-fashioned, and I suspect that, as more older people get used to obtaining news faster and for free online, newsprint will soon be a thing of the past read only by those too afraid to use a computer.

The rise of the Internet, providing news that is not only up to date, but also designed to meet the interests and demands of the reader, is very important. However, one of the problems with online access to news is that people who view it find it hard to remember what they've read. The implication is that reading information printed in a paper is somehow a more reliable way of getting and remembering it than reading it on a computer screen. But there is no evidence to support such a claim. I'm sure that 1940s newspaper readers forgot everything they read sometime between breakfast and dinner, too.
a) conclude 1) come to an agreement 2 )
) decide that something is true 3 ) complete a task
b) improve 1) make better
2) become better
3) do smth better
c) get used to

1) make use of
2) take advantage of
3) get accustomed to
d) rise
4) beginning
5) success
6) appearance
e) support
7) hold smth up
8) put forward
9) prove
[[2,1,3,2,3]]

Прочитайте текст и подберите наиболее точные эквиваленты слов (a) - e) из текста. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

One of the most popular programmes on TV at the moment is Tribe, which stars Bruce Parry, a former soldier who, like any good TV anthropologist, takes his camera into the heart of the tribal communities he visits, and films the traditions and customs of people who follow an ancient way of life.

Bruce describes himself as a man who desperately wants to be part of an ancient way of life. He also argues that the tribes he visits are not being used by his programmes for entertainment. Some people in the media think otherwise and have compared the tribespeople to contestants in a sort of reality TV show, who are there for us to laugh at, but Parry stresses that these people are not unaware of the outside world. Rather, they have met people from the so-called civilized world and have decided they are happier living their ancient ways of life. When they agree to the films they know what they are doing and, as such, are happy to show the world their culture, and are pleased that outsiders are curious enough to visit them.
a) former

1) ex-
2) previous
3) not now
b) desperately 1) seriously
4) in a state of despair
5) very much
c) argue
6) disagree
7) claim
8) persuade
d) otherwise
9) differently
10) dubiously
11) in the same way
e) stress
12) emphasize
13) make smb worry
14) pronounce

## [[1,3,2,1,1]]



## 14 задание

Прочитайте текст 'Natural navigation’ и укажите, какой частью речи являются выделенные курсивом слова в тексте. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

## Natural navigation

1) Max Davidson explains how to find your way using only stars, sun, trees and wind.
'Natural navigation' is exactly what the phrase suggests: route-finding that depends on interpreting natural signs - the sun, the stars, the direction of the wind, the trees - rather than
using maps and compasses. There is a lot to be said for understanding the science of navigation and direction-finding. If people become too dependent on technology, they can lose connection with nature, which is a pity.'
2) The natural navigator's best friend, inevitably, is the sun. We all know that it rises in the east, sets in the west and, at its zenith, is due south. But if it is, say, three in the afternoon and you are lost in the desert, how do you get your bearings? The answer is to find a stick. By noting the different places where its shadow falls over a short period of time, you will quickly locate the east-west axis. 'The sun influences things even if you can't see it,' Max says.
3) You might not be in the desert, but walking along a forest track in Britain. One side of the track is darker in colour than the other. 'Ah-ha!' thinks the natural navigator. 'It is darker because it is damper, which means it is getting less sun, because it is shaded by the trees, which means that south is that way.' You can now stride confidently southwards - or in whichever direction you wish to head - without fiddling with a map.

| a) route-finding (para.1) | 1) a verb |
| :--- | :--- |
| b) best (para. 2) | 2) an adjective |
| c) due (para. 2) | 3) an adverb |
| d) over (para. 2) | 4) a noun |
| e) track (para. 3) | 5) a conjunction |
|  | 6) a preposition |
|  | 7) a numeral |
|  | 8) a participle |
|  | 9) a gerund |

[[9,2,2,6,4]]

Прочитайте текст ‘Children’s memories’ и укажите, какой частью речи являются выделенные курсивом слова в тексте. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e). Для Вашего удобства указаны абзацы, в которых употреблены приведенные слова.

## Children's memories

1) Whether it's holidays, great days out or lazy days at home, you hope your children will keep happy memories of their childhoods. But often their treasured recollections are not the same as their parents' expectations.
2) Take my friend Sarah. Back on the train after a day at both the Natural History and the Science museums with three children under 10, she asked; 'So what did you all learn?' 'That if I bang my head on something hard, it's going to hurt,' came the reply from her six-year-old daughter. Roaring dinosaurs and an expensive lunch had little impact, but the bump on a banister was to become family legend.
3) After I'd helped out on a school trip to Tate Modern art gallery, the teacher told me that three of her five-year-old pupils said that the escalators were their most memorable bit of the day. 'On a zoo trip, Luca liked the caterpillar best,' says my friend Barbara. 'Forget lions, giraffes and gorillas. What made the most impression (and what he still talks about five years later) is the time he found a caterpillar at the zoo.'

| a) after (para.2) | 1) a verb |
| :--- | :--- |
| b) what (para. 2) | 2) an adjective |
| c) roaring (para. 2) | 3) an adverb |
| d) and (para. 2) | 4) a noun |
| e) bit (para. 3) | 5) a conjunction |
|  | 6) a preposition |
|  | 7) a participle |
|  | 8) a pronoun |
|  | 9) a gerund |

[[6,8,7,5,4]]

Прочитайте текст и укажите, какой частью речи являются выделенные курсивом слова в тексте. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей

буквой (a) - e). Для Вашего удобства указаны абзацы, в которых употреблены приведенные слова.

1) Brunetti was at the post office at seven-thirty the next morning, located the person in charge of the postmen, showed his warrant card, and explained that he wanted to speak to the postman who delivered mail to the area in Cannaregio near the Palazzo del Cammello. She told him to go to the first floor and ask in the second room on the left, where the Cannaregio postmen sorted their mail. In the room ten or twelve people stood around a huge table, putting letters into slots or pulling them out and packing them into leather bags.
2) He asked the first person he saw where he could find the person who delivered the mail to the Canale della Misericordia area. She looked at him with open curiosity, then pointed to a man halfway along the table and called out, 'Mario, someone wants to talk to you.'

| a) located (para. 1) | 1) a verb |
| :--- | :---: |
| b) first (para. 1) | 2) a noun |
| c) left (para. 1) | 3) an adjective |
| d) putting (para. 1) | 4) an adverb |
| e) open (para. 2) | 5) a pronoun |
|  | 6) a participle |
|  | 7) a preposition |
|  | 8) a numeral |

## [[1,8,2,6,3]]

+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Прочитайте текст и укажите, какой частью речи являются выделенные курсивом слова в тексте. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - е). Для Вашего удобства указаны абзацы, в которых употреблены приведенные слова.

Just at this moment, a step by the side of the bridge caught Ichabod's sensitive ear. In the dark shadow of the grove, beside the brook, he beheld something huge, misshapen, black, and towering. It stirred not, but seemed gathered up into the gloom, like some gigantic monster ready to spring upon the traveler. The hair of the terrified teacher stood on end. What was to be done?

It was now too late to turn and fly; what chance was there of escaping ghost or goblin, if such it was, which could ride, upon the wings of the wind? Summoning up, therefore, a show of courage, Ichabod demanded in stammering accents, "Who are you?" He received no reply. He repeated his demand in a still more terrified voice. Still there was no answer. Once more, he beat the sides of unmovable Gunpowder and, shutting his eyes, began to sing a hymn.

| a) beside (para. 1) | 1) a verb |
| :--- | :---: |
| b) something (para. 1) | 2) a noun |
| c) ready (para. 1) | 3) an adjective |
| d) accent (para. 2) | 4) an adverb |
| e) terrified (para. 2) | 5) a pronoun |
|  | 6) a participle |
|  | 7) a preposition |
|  | 8) a numeral |

## [[7,5,3,2,6]]


Прочитайте текст и укажите, какой частью речи являются выделенные курсивом слова в тексте. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e). Для Вашего удобства указаны номера строк, в которых употреблены приведенные слова.

Ichabod now quickened his speed in hopes of leaving him behind. The stranger, however, quickened his horse to an equal pace. Ichabod pulled up and fell into a walk, thinking to lag behind; the other did the same. The teacher's heart sank. He tried to resume his hymn tune, but his dry tongue stuck to the roof of his mouth, and he could not utter a line. There was something
in the moody and dogged silence of his companion that was both mysterious and appalling; and Ichabod soon discovered why.

| a) leaving (line 1) | 1) a verb |
| :--- | :---: |
| b) to (line 2) | 2) a noun |
| c) other (line 3) | 3) an adjective |
| d) stuck (line 4) | 4) an adverb |
| e) soon (line 6) | 5) a pronoun |
|  | 6) a participle |
|  | 7) a preposition |
|  | 8) a numeral |
|  | 9) a gerund |

[[9,7,5,1,4]]
$+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++$
Прочитайте текст и укажите, какой частью речи являются выделенные курсивом слова в тексте. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e). Для Вашего удобства указаны номера строк, в которых употреблены приведенные слова.

Imagine a day set aside for families to come together from near and far to feast and feel thankful for all that they have, and you've got Thanksgiving Day in the United States. Some families take part in religious ceremonies in the morning, but for most families the highlight of the day is Thanksgiving dinner. Traditionally this feast features roast turkey with stuffing, mashed potatoes and gravy, sweet potatoes, squash, cranberry sauce and pumpkin pie with whipped cream.

| a) $\operatorname{set}$ (line 1) | 1) a verb |
| :--- | :--- |


| b) feast (line 1) | 2) a noun |
| :--- | :---: |
| c) in (line 2) | 3) an adjective |
| d) but (line 3) | 4) an adverb |
| e) features (line 4) | 5) a pronoun |
|  | 6) a participle |
|  | 7) a preposition |
|  | 8) a numeral |
|  | 9) a conjunction |

[[6,1,7,9,1]]

Прочитайте текст и укажите, какой частью речи являются выделенные курсивом слова в тексте. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e). Для Вашего удобства указаны номера абзацев, в которых употреблены приведенные слова.

This custom began with the Pilgrims in 1621. The Pilgrims were an English religious minority which did not worship the Church of England and therefore suffered persecution. They decided to leave the country in search of religious freedom. King James I gave them a charter to settle in Virginia, where a British colony had been founded in 1607.

On September 16, 1620, a small ship called the Mayflower, carrying 102 passengers, left Plymouth harbor in England and sailed west. On November 11, 1620, the Mayflower reached North America. But storms had blown the ship off course and the Pilgrims were far north of Virginia.

It took them another month to find a suitable place to settle and, finally, on December 26, 1620, the Pilgrims found a harbor which became the site of the town they named Plymouth, in the present State of Massachusetts.

| a) with (para. 1) | 1) a verb |
| :--- | :--- |


| b) founded (para. 1) | 2) a noun |
| :--- | :--- |
| c) left (para. 2) | 3) an adjective |
| d) west (para. 2) | 4) an adverb |
| e) present (para. 3) | 5) a pronoun |
|  | 6) a participle |
|  | 7) a preposition |
|  | 9) a numeral |
|  |  |

[[7,6,1,4,3]]
$++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++$

## 15 задание

Выберите ответные реплики (1) - 4), подходящие по смыслу к предложенным репликамстимулам (a) - e).
a) Mr. Green isn't here right now. Would you like to leave a message?

1) Yes, thank you.
2) Yes, please. Could you ask him to call me? My number is 570-3256.
3) Can I? Why?
4) He is always out!
b) Mike? Sorry, there's no one by the name 'Mike' here. What number are you calling?
5) Thanks, I've had enough.
6) I probably am.
7) Why are you asking?
8) Sorry, I've made a mistake.
c) Is there a restaurant near here?
9) Yes, and it is no bother at all.
10) There is one just around the corner.
11) Don't even mention it.
12) Not at all.
d) Are you ready to order?
13) $\mathrm{Oh}, \mathrm{no}$ !
14) Yes, please. I'd like grilled fish with steamed vegetables.
15) Sorry, but I have something already planned.
16) I will help myself.
e) Can I help you?
17) Don't worry, next time you will.
18) No, nothing at all.
19) No, thank you. I'm just looking.
20) No way.
[[2,4,2,2,3]]
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Выберите ответные реплики (1) - 4), подходящие по смыслу к предложенным репликамстимулам (a) - e).
a) Have a nice weekend.
21) Thanks, you too.
22) It'll do its best.
23) It's like this.
24) I hope it will work.
b) Oh really? How long have you been here?
25) Not really.
26) About a week.
27) Enough long.
28) I'm afraid no longer.
c) Is this the right bus for Central Park?
29) I don't think much of it.
30) I think it does.
31) I haven't been informed.
32) I suppose so.
d) That was great! Thank you for the invitation.
33) Thank you for coming.
34) OK .
35) Oh really?
36) Nothing of the kind.
e) Could you recommend a good hotel?
37) Very much so.
38) No, I couldn't.
39) Oh yes, certainly.
40) Do it yourself.
[[1,2,4,1,3]]

Выберите ответные реплики (1) - 4), подходящие по смыслу к предложенным репликамстимулам (a) - e).
a) When is the best time to go there?

1) I am not really sure.
2) Have a look yourself!
3) Yes, speaking.
4) Ask me another.
b) I was wondering if you would like to go with me to the new Italian restaurant tonight?
5) I'm afraid I can. I'm very busy tonight.
6) Oh, thanks for the invitation.
7) That's nice to hear.
8) So was I.
c) I'd like to see a doctor as soon as possible.
9) I promise.
10) Has something happened?
11) Never mind.
12) You will if you are lucky enough.
d) I'd like something for a cough.
13) Sure, go ahead. No need to ask.
14) Never mind, it's not mine.
15) Yes, just a minute.
16) I'd rather you didn't.
e) Imagine, I have just passed the last exam!
17) Not at all.
18) There's nothing for it.
19) It's no trouble.
20) That's great! I'm so proud of you!
[[1,2,2,3,4]]


Выберите ответные реплики (1) - 4), подходящие по смыслу к предложенным репликамстимулам (a) - e).
a) Do you know where Ann is?

1) No.
2) In fact, I do.
3) Can I know? Why?
4) She is always out!
b) Where is Tim in this photograph?
5) Can't you see?
6) Is he?
7) Why are you asking? I don't care.
8) Right in the centre, I think.
c) Imagine, I have just passed the last exam!
9) Are you that clever?
10) You never know.
11) It's no trouble.
12) That's good news! I'm so glad!
d) Your new car looks great!
13) Thanks!
14) Yes, I have known it.
15) Sorry, does she?
16) Oh, no!
e) Can I help you?
17) Don't worry, not now.
18) No, nothing at all.
19) No, thank you. I'm just looking.
20) No idea.
[[2,4,4,1,3]]


Выберите ответные реплики (1) - 4), подходящие по смыслу к предложенным репликамстимулам (a) -e).
a) You look upset. What's the matter?

1) Thanks, you too.
2) I'll do my best.
3) Just a bit tired.
4) I hope nothing.
b) How long have you been here?
5) Oh, have I?
6) About a week.
7) Enough long to forget.
8) I'm afraid no longer.
c) Those oranges look nice. Can I have one?
9) Here you are.
10) They are not my.
11) I suppose no.
12) Thanks for asking.
d) Could you recommend a good restaurant?
13) Very much so.
14) No, I couldn't.
15) I'm afraid I can.
16) Oh yes, certainly.
e) When do your children usually get up?
17) Not very late.
18) I have never noticed.
19) That's a nice question!
20) They don't.
[[3,2,1,4,1]]
+十+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
Выберите ответные реплики (1) - 4), подходящие по смыслу к предложенным репликамстимулам (a) -e).
a) Wait a little! We are discussing your question now.
21) All right.
22) Why? Already now?
23) Yes, I won't.
24) Aren't you?
b) Where's the radio?
25) Why do I know?
26) It isn't yours.
27) Being repaired.
28) It isn't.
c) Have you finished the work yet?
29) Yes, I have.
30) Yes, I haven't!
31) So have you!
32) Already.
d) There is nothing new under the sun.
33) Aren't there?
34) That's nice to see.
35) There is nothing under the sun at all.
36) What a sad phrase!
e) Where is the post office here?
37) Where do you think it is?
38) I'm afraid there is none.
39) How can it be?
40) Nowhere.
[[1,3,1,4,2]]


Выберите ответные реплики (1) - 4), подходящие по смыслу к предложенным репликамстимулам (a) - e).
a) You look so happy.

1) Thanks, you also.
2) Oh, nothing.
3) Just a bit tired.
4) Oh, do I?
b) Have you been here long?
5) Oh, have I?
6) About a week.
7) Enough long to forget.
8) I'm afraid no long.
c) Those apples look nice. Can I have one?
9) Here you are.
10) Are they yours?
11) I suppose no.
12) Thanks for asking.
d) Could you recommend a good film? We'd like to go to the cinema.
13) Very much so.
14) No, I couldn't.
15) Let me see.
16) So would I.
e) When do you leave for work?
17) Not very late.
18) I have never noticed.
19) That's a nice question!
20) I don't.
[[4,2,1,3,1]]
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++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
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## 16 задание

Расположите реплики разговора в правильном порядке. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - е). Внимание: одна реплика - лишняя.

1. Time Magazine. A really interesting article about the Burj Khalifa - a building in Dubai. Just look at the picture.
2. It makes me dizzy just to look at it!
3. What's that you're reading?
4. Over 800 metres tall, it's now the tallest building in the world.
5. Wow! How tall is it?
6. I've heard of it.

## [[3,1,5,4,2]]



Расположите реплики разговора в правильном порядке. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - е). Внимание: одна реплика - лишняя.

1. Have you looked under the car?
2. Carrie. It's Fred here from the garage. I've been working on your car all morning and I can't find anything wrong with it.
3. Sure. And it seems to be fine.
4. Hello. Carrie Simpson.
5. I haven't seen you for ages.
6. Well, I heard a strange noise when I was driving it yesterday!
[[4,2,1,3,6]]

Расположите реплики разговора в правильном порядке. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - е). Внимание: одна реплика - лишняя.

1. The police found this very confused man walking on the beach. He couldn't remember his name or where he was from.
2. No, what was the story?
3. Where did you read about him?
4. Did you read about the 'man with no name' in the paper?
5. No, he doesn't have any injuries.
6. He must have had a car accident or something.
[[4,2,1,6,5]]

Расположите реплики разговора в правильном порядке. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - е). Внимание: одна реплика - лишняя.

1. Oh, no thanks. I'm going to work. I just wondered if I could have a quick word with you.
2. I haven't heard of it.
3. Hi, I'm John Sullivan from next door. I don't think we've met yet.
4. Sure!
5. Oh, hi. Pleased to meet you. Would you like to come in?
6. It's about your loud music that keeps my housemates and me awake.
[[3,5,1,4,6]]

Расположите реплики разговора в правильном порядке. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e). Внимание: одна реплика - лишняя.

1. Sure, ask away.
2. I'd like to have a quick word with you.
3. I've heard of it.
4. Well, I understand, but my children are having exams in a week, they need a good night's sleep.
5. Oh, yes, I suppose we've been a bit noisy.
6. It's about that loud music of yours that's been keeping my family and me awake lately.

$$
[[2,1,6,5,4]]
$$

Расположите реплики разговора в правильном порядке. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - е). Внимание: одна реплика - лишняя.

1. Oh dear, I'm so sorry. I'll make sure that we keep it down.
2. Sure you will.
3. You see, you've been a bit noisy lately.
4. Yes, your loud music keeps all my family awake every night!
5. Oh, have I?
6. I will appreciate it.
[[3,5,4,1,6]]

Расположите реплики разговора в правильном порядке. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - е). Внимание: одна реплика - лишняя.

1. My parents don't let me stay out very late.
2. Well, in fact I was planning to study...
3. Kim, it's so nice to see you! How about coming out to a night club tonight?
4. Don't worry it won't be late at all!
5. Look, everyone's going!
6. Alright then.
[[3,2,5,1,4]]

## 17 задание

Выберите верные ответы на вопросы по культуре Великобритании и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).
a) Remembrance Day is on $\qquad$ .

1) $4^{\text {th }}$ November
2) $5^{\text {th }}$ November
3) $30^{\text {th }}$ November
4) $11^{\text {th }}$ November
b) Another name of the day is $\qquad$ .
5) Poppy Day
6) Remembered Day
7) World War
8) Parade Day
c) The day is observed by $\qquad$ .
9) parades and silences 2) parades and fireworks
speeches in Parliament. fireworks
d) In London there is a ceremony at $\qquad$ .
10) the Tower
11) Buckingham Palace
12) Cenotaph
13) St. Paul's Cathedral
e) In the USA the day is called $\qquad$ .
14) Vietnam Day 2) Veterans Day
15) Peace Day
16) Armed Forces Day
[[4,1,1,3,2]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Выберите верные ответы на вопросы по культуре и географии Великобритании и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).
a) The anthem of the UK is called $\qquad$ .
17) Long Live the King
18) In God we Trust
19) God Save the King
20) Glorious Britain
b) The UK currency is called $\qquad$ .
21) the sterling
22) the British sterling
3 ) the pound sterling
23) the euro
c) The British monarch is now $\qquad$ .
24) Queen Elizabeth I
I 2
) Queen Elizabeth II 3) King Charles I
25) Princess Kate
d) England borders on $\qquad$ .
26) Wales and Scotland
27) Wales and Ireland
28) France and Scotland
29) Northern Ireland
e) One of the biggest islands belonging to the UK is $\qquad$ .
30) the Isle of Wight
31) the Isle of Sicily
32) the Isle of Bright
33) the Isle of Brighton
[[3,3,2,1,1]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Выберите верные ответы на вопросы по истории и культуре Великобритании и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).
a) The document which restricted the king's power in England is called $\qquad$ _.
34) Magna Carta
35) Constitution
36) King John's Charter 4
37) Charter of King's Rights
b) The UK currency is called $\qquad$ _.
38) the sterling
39) the British
$\qquad$ .
c) The name 'the Tories' stands for .
40) the Conservative Party 2) the Liberal Party 3) the Labour Party 4) the LibDems
d) The official church in England is called $\qquad$ .
41) English Church
42) the Church of England
43) the Church
44) Catholic Church
e) One of the most popular English tales is called $\qquad$ .
45) Jekyll and Hyde
46) John and the Beanstalk
47) Jack and Jill
48) Jack and the Beanstalk
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Выберите верные ответы на вопросы по истории и географии США и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) The anthem of the USA is called $\qquad$ .
49) The Star-Spangled Banner Great Revolution
50) In God we Trust
51) Stars and Stripes
52) the
b) The USA consists of $\qquad$
53) 50 states
54) 51 states
55) 50 states and a federal district
56) 13 colonies
c) The Declaration of Independence was signed on $\qquad$ -.
57) June $4^{\text {th }}$
58) July $4^{\text {th }}$
59) July $5^{\text {th }}$
60) August $25^{\text {th }}$
d) Which is the highest mountain in the USA?
61) Ben Nevis
62) Yellowstone
63) the Great Plains
64) Mount McKinley
e) The principle of government in the USA is called $\qquad$ .
65) balances
66) checks
67) balances and checks
68) checks and balances
[[1,3,2,4,4]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Выберите точные ответы на вопросы по культуре и географии США и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) Jeans were created $\qquad$ .
69) in the $18^{\text {th }}$ century
70) during the Gold Rush
71) in the eastern US
72) by F. Strauss
b) The musical version of the play 'Pygmalion' was called $\qquad$ .
73) Pygmalion
74) Audrey
75) My Fair Lady
76) Eliza
c) The Democrats' symbol is $\qquad$ .
77) a donkey
78) an elephant
79) a bear
80) a bull
d) Grace Kelly became Princess Grace of $\qquad$ .
81) Andorra
82) France
83) England
84) Monaco
e) The first American President to resign was $\qquad$ .
85) John Kennedy
86) Richard Nixon
87) George Bush
88) Bill Clinton
[[2,3,1,4,2]]

Выберите точные ответы на вопросы по истории и культуре США и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) In 2001 terrorists flew a plane into the $\qquad$ _.

1) World Trade Center
2) Twins
3) White House
4) Tower
b) In 'Gone with the Wind' the scene is set $\qquad$ .
5) in Oklahoma
6) in New England
7) during the Civil War
8) during the War for Independence
c) For a short time New York was called $\qquad$ .
9) New Orleans
10) Newport
11) Newark
12) New Orange
d) $\qquad$ was signed in 1776.
13) $T$ Independence
14) the Emancipation Proclamation
e) The boy's name is the cartoon series 'The Simpsons' is $\qquad$ .
15) Bart
16) Homer
17) John
18) OJ
[[1,3,4,3,1]]


Выберите верные ответы на вопросы по культуре и географии Великобритании и укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) The official church in England is called $\qquad$ _.

1) English Church
2) the Church of England
3) the Church
4) Catholic Church
b) The currency in the UK is called $\qquad$ .
5) the sterling
6) the British sterling
3 ) the pound sterling
7) the euro
c) Remembrance Day is on $\qquad$ .
8) $4^{\text {th }}$ November
9) $5^{\text {th }}$ November
10) $30^{\text {th }}$ November
11) $11^{\text {th }}$ November
d) The Old Lady of Threadneedle Street is a nickname for $\qquad$ .
12) Queen Elizabeth II
13) the Bank of England
14) the British Government
e) Ch. Dickens didn't write $\qquad$ .
15) Great Expectations
16) the Great Gatsby
17) David Copperfield
18) Curiosity Shop [[2,3,4,3,2]]

## 18 задание

Определите, из каких языков были заимствованы слова (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) Norwegian 2) French
2) German
3) Spanish
4) Latin
5) Greek
a) photo
b) siesta
c) ski
d) boutique
e) waltz
[[6,4,1,2,3]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Определите, из каких языков были заимствованы слова (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).
6) Finnish
7) French
8) German
9) Spanish
10) Latin
11) Greek
a) cuisine
b) drama
c) sauna
d) guerilla
e) poodle
[[2,6,1,4,3]]
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++

Определите, из каких языков были заимствованы слова (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) Swedish
2) French
3) German
4) Spanish
5) Latin
6) Greek
a) hamburger
b) theory
c) macho
d) blitz
e) elite
[[3,6,4,3,2]]

Определите, из каких языков были заимствованы слова (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).

1) Spanish
2) German
3) Greek
4) Norwegian 5) Latin
5) French
a) waltz
b) siesta
c) photo
d) ski
e) boutique
[[2, 1,3,4,6]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Определите, из каких языков были заимствованы слова (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
6) Greek
7) Finnish
8) German
9) Spanish
10) Latin
11) French
a) drama
b) guerilla
c) sauna
d) poodle
e) cuisine
[[1,4,2,3,6]]


Определите, из каких языков были заимствованы слова (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) French 2) Dutch 3) Spanish
2) Greek
3) German
4) Latin
a) elite
b) macho
c) hamburger
d) blitz
e) theory
[[1,3,5,5,4]]

Определите, из каких языков были заимствованы слова (a) - e). Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) French
2) Norwegian 3) Spanish
3) Russian
4) German
5) Latin
a) cuisine
b) siesta
c) blitz
d) sputnik
e) ski

## [[1,3,5,4,2]]

## 

## 19 задание

Соотнесите названия изданий (a) - e) с названиями стран, где они публикуются. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) the UK 2) the USA
a) Business Week
b) The Times
c) Newsweek
d) Time
e) The Sunday Telegraph
[[2,1,2,2,1]]

Соотнесите названия изданий (a) - e) с названиями стран, где они публикуются. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).

1) the UK 2) the USA
a) The Financial Times
b) The Observer
c) The National Geographic
d) Cosmopolitan
e) The Sun


Соотнесите названия изданий (a) - e) с названиями стран, где они публикуются. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) the UK 2 ) the USA
a) Life
b) The Christian Science Monitor
c) The Evening Standard
d) The Independent
e) The Guardian

## [[2,2,1,1,1]]



Соотнесите названия изданий (a) - e) с названиями стран, где они публикуются. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) the UK
2) the USA
a) The Sunday Telegraph
b) Newsweek
c) The Times
d) Time
e) Business Week
[[1,2,1,2,2]]
```
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
```

Соотнесите названия изданий (a) - e) с названиями стран, где они публикуются. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (а) - e).

1) the UK 2) the USA
a) The Observer
b) Cosmopolitan
c) The Sun
d) The Financial Times
e) The National Geographic
[[1,2,1,1,2]]

Соотнесите названия изданий (a) - e) с названиями стран, где они публикуются. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) the UK
2) the USA
a) The Guardian
b) The Evening Standard
c) The Christian Science Monitor
d) The Independent
e) Life
[[1,1,2,1,2]]


Соотнесите названия изданий (a) - e) с названиями стран, где они публикуются. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).

1) the USA
2) the UK
a) The Independent
b) Time
c) The Christian Science Monitor
d) The Evening Standard
e) The Times
[[2,1,1,2,2]]


## 20 задание

Установите соответствия между словами, относящимися к британскому (a) - е) и американскому (1) - 7) вариантам английского языка. Внимание: несколько вариантов лишние. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) petrol
b) lorry
c) motorway
d) garden
e) lift

1) highway
2) truck
3) yard
4) elevator
5) gasoline
6) car 7) oil
[[5,2,1,3,4]]

Установите соответствия между словами, относящимися к британскому (a) - e) и американскому (1) - 7) вариантам английского языка. Внимание: несколько вариантов

лишние. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) luggage
b) queue
c) rubber
d) toilet
e) chips

1) eraser 2) French fries
2) baggage
3) line 5) restroom
4) cookies
5) WC

## [[3,4,1,5,2]]

```
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
```

Установите соответствия между словами, относящимися к британскому (a) - e) и американскому (1) - 6) вариантам английского языка. Внимание: один вариант лишний. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) -e ).
a) pavement
b) sweets
c) curtains
d) flat
e) wardrobe

1) closet
2) cookies 3) sidewalk
3) apartment 5) drapes
4) candies
[[3,6,5,4,1]]
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Установите соответствия между словами, относящимися к британскому (a) - e) и американскому (1) - 7) вариантам английского языка. Внимание: несколько вариантов лишние. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) lorry
b) lift c) motorway
d) petrol
e) garden
5) elevator 2) truck
6) yard
7) highway
8) gasoline
9) car 7) oil
[[2,1,4,5,3]]
++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Установите соответствия между словами, относящимися к британскому (a) - e) и американскому (1) -7) вариантам английского языка. Внимание: несколько вариантов лишние. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) toilet
b) queue
c) rubber
d) chips
e) luggage
10) French fries 2 2) WC $\quad 3$ ) line 4) baggage $\quad$ 5) restroom $\quad 6$ ) cookies 7) eraser
[[5,3,7,1,4]]

Установите соответствия между словами, относящимися к британскому (a) - e) и американскому (1) - 6) вариантам английского языка. Внимание: один вариант лишний.

Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) -e ).
a) flat
b) wardrobe
c) curtains
d) pavement
e) sweets

1) apartment
2) sidewalk
3) candies
4) closet
5) drapes
6) cookies
[[1,4,5,2,3]]
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++

Установите соответствия между словами, относящимися к британскому (a - e) и американскому ( $1-6$ ) вариантам английского языка. Внимание: один вариант лишний. Укажите номера выбранных вариантов в талоне ответов под соответствующей буквой (a) - e).
a) railway
b) trainers
c) doctor's surgery
d) tin
e) sweets

1) candies
2) highroad
3) doctor's office
4) can 5) railroad
5) sneakers
[[5,6,3,4,1]]
