TASK 1. READING (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Put the following parts of the text in the correct order to recreate the text. Answer sheet 1-10.

How to Find a Hobby

Co-authored by wikiHow Staff

- **A.** If you need the motivation of others, joining a sports team or a book club can be an excellent hobby as it forces you to interact with others. If you're a more introverted person, something you do alone, like reading or watching TV sitcoms, may be a better choice. Hopefully, you will find a hobby to your liking. However, it might take some time, so keep on trying.
- **B**. This can get expensive fast, but if you have the money and are truly interested it may be worth it.
- C. In order to find a hobby you'll keep, think practically. Choose something you have the time and money for. You should also think about your personality and interests. When beginning your hobby, start slow and have patience. You're more likely to stick with a hobby if you ease in gradually.
- **D**. What can you reasonably afford? Some hobbies require a lot of equipment. If you want to take up a sport like, say, hockey, you will need protective gear, a helmet, a stick, ice skates, equipment bags and so on.
- E. Think about the time commitment. If you're very busy, you may not want an incredibly time consuming hobby. However, if you have a lot of free time on your hands, a hobby that requires a lot of time may help you stay busy. Things like reading, drawing, or crossword puzzles can be done in small spare moments. You can do these things on your lunch break or after dinner at night. They do not require a lot of time. These may be good if you're already busy.
- **F.** A HOBBY is a great way to stay busy during downtime. Many people find hobbies relaxing and a great way to relax. However, many find it difficult to stick with hobbies once they start them.
- **G**. Weigh in how social you are. Be honest with yourself about your need for socialization. If you're a more social person by nature, you're unlikely to stick with

a solo hobby. If you tend to prefer to spend time alone, a hobby you do with others may not interest you.

- **H.** If you're on a budget, look for a hobby that's low cost. Something like knitting, for example, only requires basic supplies like needles, yarn, and some scissors. While you'll have to put some money towards this hobby, you can find many of these supplies for a lower cost online, at a department store, or at a craft store.
- **I.** Other hobbies require a great deal of free time. Something like gardening, for example, must be done for a set number of hours each day. If you have a lot of free time to fill, opt for a hobby like this.
- **J.** Assess your budget. Some hobbies are more expensive than others. Before choosing a hobby, think about your personal budget.

TASK 2. USE OF ENGLISH (10 points: 1 answer = 2 points)

Fill the gaps with 5 words from the box. Each word is used only once. You may need to change the word (its form and tense) in order for it to fit the context. There are 2 extra words in the box. Answer sheet 11-15.

Celebrities and You

DEPRESS - HARM - IDENTIFY - INTEREST - LEGAL – LIKE - LIFE

Celebrities are everywhere nowadays: on TV, in magazines, online. Is this
preoccupation with famous people 11 fun or is it bad for us? How
many people are truly obsessed with modern media idols? And on the other side of
the coin, can fame be harmful to the celebrities?
Studies suggest that the vast majority of teenagers do not really worship celebrities.
So far researchers 12 three kinds of fans. About 15% of young
people have an 'entertainment-social' interest. They love chatting about their
favourite celebrities with friends and this does not appear to do any harm.

Another 5% feel that they have an 'intense-personal' relationship with a celebrity. Sometimes they see them as their soulmate and find that they are often thinking about them, even when they don't want to. These people are more at risk

from 13 and anxiety. If girls in this group idolise a female star
with a body they consider to be perfect, they are more 14 to be
unhappy with their own bodies.
That leaves 2% of young people with a 'borderline-pathological' interest. They
might say, for example, they would spend several thousand pounds on a paper
plate the celebrity had used, or that they would do something 15 if the
celebrity asked them to. These people are in most danger of being seriously
distressed.

TASK 3. USE OF ENGLISH (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Imagine that you are a teacher. You asked your students to study the text from Task 2. Make up 5 questions that would check the students' understanding of the text. 5 questions must be different yes/no questions (at least one) and wh-questions. Answer sheet 16-20.

16.	
17.	
18.	
19.	
20.	

TASK 4. SOCIOCULTURAL COMPETENCE (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Match the idioms and their definitions. Two definitions are extra. Answer sheet 21-25.

21. A big fish in a small	A. someone who is really		
pond	enthusiastic and enjoys working really hard		
22.Chicken out	B. a situation or a subject that is different from		
	what you first thought it was		
23. Eager beaver	C. to run away very quickly because you are		
	scared		
24. Let sleeping dogs lie	D. someone who is important or powerful only		
	because there are not many		
	other people competing with them		
25. A horse of another	E. to leave a person or situation alone if they		
color	might cause you trouble		
	F. used for saying that once someone has		

Олимпиада «Покори Воробьевы Горы!» Очный тур 2018/2019

5-9 классы Вариант 1

a bad reputation, people will blame them for		
everything		
G. to not do something you were going to do		
because you are too frightened		

TASK 5. SOCIOCULTURAL COMPETENCE (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Choose the best idioms to complete the sentences. Change the grammar and/or form if necessary. Transfer the idiom to the answer sheet 26-30.

26.I was going to tell her how much i	t really cost, but I
27. You said you didn't like going to	the movies, but if you don't want to go
because you're broke, that's	•
28.In her hometown, she was	, but after she moved to New
York, she was just one person amo	ong millions.
29. Mary is such Sh	ne always helps teacher after school.
30.In politics and religion it's best	that's why I never discuss
them.	

TASK 6. WRITING (60 points)

(40 minutes, 200-220 words)

Imagine that your school magazine asked you to write a news report on the recent INTERNATIONAL event in your town called "World Cuisine Festival: learn, cook, eat!" the aim of which was to let people get acquainted with national cuisine of different countries.

Write a report following the plan:

- 1. Name the date, the place and the event;
- 2. Describe what people are doing in the first picture;
- 3. Name the dish in the second picture, its country of origin and ingredients;
- 4. Say why such events are important today;
- 5. Introduce people's opinions.

Follow the rules of news report writing. Make sure your report has:

- a headline
- a byline and a placeline

- a lead paragraph
- body paragraphs
- a conclusion





	

TASK 1. READING (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Put the following parts of the text in the correct order to recreate the text. Answer sheet 1-10.

How to Develop Good Writing Skills

Co-authored by Michelle Golden

- **A.** Use small writing prompts to kickstart your creativity and keep it flowing. You won't sit down and write a novel the first time you try, and you may not even crank out a short story on the first attempt. Start with one page observations, journal entries, poems, or essays, and slowly build up.
- **B.** Read a lot! When you've finished a book or essay, you will sometimes get a spark of inspiration. It could be a new narrative, a new style you want to try out, or even a new character.
- C. At some point, every writer has sat staring at a blank page trying to figure out the perfect phrasing. Instead of wasting your time, get your thought down on paper and come back to it later.

 Sleep on it.
- **D.** For example, maybe you wrote an essay about your memories of your first birthday party. Later, maybe you discover that this scene would work perfect in a short story.
- **E.** If you have been struggling to perfect a passage or even a sentence, leave it alone for the day. Come back to it tomorrow. You might be surprised at how easily the words flow after your thoughts have had some time to gel in your brain.

Save everything.

F. IT's really easy to lose confidence in your work. It's natural to feel like your writing is rubbish, especially if you rarely get positive feedback on it. Writing often, trying new methods, and getting in the right mindset can help boost your confidence as a writer.

Read.

- **G.** Even a piece of terrible writing could have a brilliant line or two hidden somewhere in it. Develop a routine of saving each of your drafts, just in case you need to go back and borrow from an earlier draft.
 - You might also find that something you wrote on one topic could be helpful to you as you write about another topic.
- **H.** Read a lot of writing in the genre you like to write in, but also think about expanding into other genres as well. You can borrow ideas from any style of writing.

Start small.

- **I. Reread your own writing.** One of two things will happen. Either you will be impressed by how good what you wrote six months ago was, or you will wonder what on earth you were thinking to have written something so dreadful. Even if it's the latter, you will still learn from your mistakes or take inspiration from a few lines.
- **J.** Here are a few ideas to get you started:
 - You are the "alligator whisperer," the only person on earth who can talk to alligators.
 - A mysterious package arrives on your doorstep and leads to unparalleled adventure.
 - You get hit in the head and begin hallucinating.
 - You and your friends have been abandoned in a haunted amusement park.

Don't let the perfect be the enemy of the good.

TASK 2. USE OF ENGLISH (10 points: 1 answer = 2 points)

Fill the gaps with 5 words from the box. Each word is used only once. You may need to change the word (its form and tense) in order for it to fit the context. There are 2 extra words in the box. Answer sheet 11-15

The History of Graffiti

ACT - COMPLETE - FREE - HAPPY - GO - NOVEL - PERMIT

Ancient Romans and Greeks Modern graffiti seems to have the late sixties it had reached 1970s, when people began wricity. In the mid seventies it	ppeared in caves thousands of years ago. Later the wrote their names and protest poems on buildings. appeared in Philadelphia in the early 1960s, and by New York. The new art form really took off in the iting their names, or 'tags', on buildings all over the was sometimes hard to see out of a subway car re 11 covered in spray paintings.
• • •	were part of street gangs who were concerned with term 'graffiti' was first used by <i>The New York</i> Norman Mailer.
early 60s. Peter Vallone, a No. 14 can be a he said recently. 'Your 15. property begins.' On the other	Sew York politician, thinks that graffiti done with art, otherwise it becomes a crime. 'Graffiti vandals,' of expression ends where my hand, some people think that artists are reclaiming vertisers and that graffiti represents democracy and
TASK 3. USE OF ENGLISH (10 p	points: 1 answer = 2 points)
2. Make up 5 questions that w	c. You asked your students to study the text from Task ould check the students' understanding of the text. 5 yes/no questions (at least one) and wh-questions.
16.	
17.	
18.	
19.	
20.	
point)	AL COMPETENCE (10 points: 1 answer = 1 finitions. Two definitions are extra. Answer sheet 21-
21. neither fish nor fowl	A. to deal with a problem in a very direct and

Олимпиада «Покори Воробьевы Горы!» Очный тур 2018/2019

5-9 классы Вариант 4

	confident way, even though there is some		
	risk in doing this		
22. hold your horses	B. to keep saying that there is a problem when		
	there is not, with the result that people do not		
	believe you when there really is a problem		
23. dog eat dog	C. to achieve exactly what you intended		
24. cry wolf	D. used for telling someone to wait before doing		
	something		
25. hit the bull's-eye	E. used for saying that something does not		
	matter because it is not relevant		
	F. a situation in which people compete very		
	hard and will do anything to be successful		
	G. used for saying that you do not know what		
	something is		

TASK 5. SOCIOCULTURAL COMPETENCE (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Choose the best idioms to complete the sentences. Change the grammar and/or form if necessary. Transfer the idiom to the answer sheet 26-30.

26. A: "I'm sure there's no	real crisis." B: "	Jamey is alw	ays	sc
that we'll do her work for	r her."			
27. The magazine's editor	ial this month _	·•	Finally,	the readers
commenting it non-stop				
28. The fashion industry is	a	world: don'	t trust any	one!
29. The car that they drow	e up in was		It must	have been
made out of spare parts.				
30. ! V	e haven't won ye	et, so don't sta	rt celebra	ting.

TASK 6. WRITING (60 points) (40 minutes, 200-220 words)

Imagine that your school magazine asked you to write a news report on the recent INTERNATIONAL event in your town called "World Cuisine Festival: learn, cook, eat!" the aim of which was to let people get acquainted with national cuisine of different countries.

Write a report following the plan:

- 1. Name the date, the place and the event;
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- 3. Name the dish in the second picture, its country of origin and ingredients;
- 4. Say why such events are important today;
- 5. Introduce people's opinions.

Follow the rules of news report writing. Make sure your report has:

- a headline
- a byline and a placeline
- a lead paragraph
- body paragraphs
- a conclusion





TASK 1. READING (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Put the following parts of the text in the correct order to recreate the text. Answer sheet 1-10.

How to Become a More Confident Writer

Co-authored by Michelle Golden

A. Try to block out a period of time every day that works well for you. If you write best in the morning, get up a little earlier than your siblings or parents and spend the first hour of your day writing. You'll be surprised at how much you can write in a short amount of time this way.

Set an attainable goal for each day of writing.

- **B.** WRITING comes naturally to some people, while others struggle to find the words. However, a good writer is not just someone that is talented but also someone who has a passion for writing, writes frequently to stay in practice and also stays up-to-date with information related to the topics that he or she writes about.
- C. Keep track of your goals and whether or not you achieved them in a log. Sometimes it's hard to look back and see your progress. Chances are, you have absolutely no idea how much you've written. Keeping a log can help you. Some people find that a word or page count (in Microsoft Word or Google Docs) works very well for this purpose. Record your own progress to see it!
- **D.** Experts recommend setting aside no less than one hour per day to write. It would be very easy to let this slide as "more important" issues come up, but try hard not to let that happen. When you get out of the habit of writing, it's hard to get back into it.
- **E.** Sometimes a burst of inspiration will occur then as you go along with your day and go home that inspiration may have escaped you. Avoid this by taking a notebook or journal around with you wherever you go.
- **F.** If you think of yourself as a fiction writer, take a step outside of your comfort zone occasionally, and write an article or a nonfiction essay. You

may learn new techniques by trying a new style, or you may find a new way of writing that you prefer.

G. If this seems overwhelming at first, make your daily goal very small. One page is plenty at first. As you build up your endurance, you will be able write much more every day.

Keep a notebook or journal handy.

H. Just as with any other skill that you want to perfect and feel good about, you have to build up your endurance as a writer.

Experiment with different styles of writing.

I. If you run into writer's block, then there are tips and tricks that you can use to get the creative juices flowing and start writing, but it is also at least equally important to continue writing on a regular basis in order to develop your writing skills and become an experienced writer.

Write every single day.

J. However, don't fall into the trap of only writing when you feel "inspired." It's important to write even when you're not excited about it, in order to keep yourself in the habit.

Remember that writing requires training.

TASK 2. USE OF ENGLISH (10 points: 1 answer = 2 points)

Fill the gaps with 5 words from the box. Each word is used only once. You may need to change the word (its form and tense) in order for it to fit the context. There are 2 extra words in the box. Answer sheet 11-15.

Video Games Are Good for You!

BAD - DIFFER - INTEREST - SHOW - SOCIETY - VARY - USE

For years video game	s have been cri	ticised for m	aking people mor	re overweight,
11	, or depress	sed. But nov	w researchers are	e finding that
games can actually cha	ange us for the b	etter and imp	prove both our bod	ly and mind.
Games can help to	develop physic	al skills. Pr	e-school children	who played
interactive games suc	h as the ones	available on	Wii have been s	hown to have
improved motor skills	s, for example t	hey can kick	x, catch and throv	v a ball better

than children who don't play vic	deo games. Vision is also improved, particularly
telling the 12.	between shades of grey. This is 13
for driving at night or piloting a p	lane.
Games also benefit a 14	of brain functions, including decision-
making. People who play action	-based games make decisions 25 per cent faster
than others and are no less accura	te, according to one study. Almost a decade ago it
was also found that the best gam	ners can make choices and act on them up to six
times a second, four times faster	than most people. Recently, researchers from the
University of Rochester in New Y	York 15. that experienced gamers are
able to pay attention to more th	an six things at once without getting confused,
compared with the four that most	people can normally keep in mind.

http://learnenglishteens.britishcouncil.org/

TASK 3. USE OF ENGLISH (10 points: 1 answer = 2 points)

Imagine that you are a teacher. You asked your students to study the text from Task 2. Make up 5 questions that would check the students' understanding of the text. 5 questions must be different yes/no questions (at least one) and wh-questions. Answer sheet 16-20.

16.	
17.	
18.	
19.	
20.	

TASK 4. SOCIOCULTURAL COMPETENCE (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Match the idioms and their definitions. Two definitions are extra. Answer sheet 21-25.

21. in the doghouse	A. very pleased about something you have
	achieved
22. like the cat that got	B. to be in a bad mood, getting annoyed very
the cream	easily
23. keep the wolf from	C. used to say that someone is angry with you
the door	because you have done something wrong
24. like a bear with a sore	D. to manage to earn enough money to buy food
head	and other essential things

25. take the bull by the	E. used to say about someone who is hiding
horns	because they are shy
	F. used to say about someone who had a
	sleepless night
	G. to deal with a problem in a very direct and
	confident way, even though there is some
	risk in doing this

TASK 5. SOCIOCULTURAL COMPETENCE (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Choose the best idioms to complete the sentences. Change the grammar and/or form if necessary. Transfer the idiom to the answer sheet 26-30.

26. I decided to	and ask him to leave.
27. I'm prepared to do anything to	
28. After her victory in the conte	est, Janet spent the rest of the day looking
·	
29. I seem to be	with her but I don't know why as she is
not telling me.	
30. John is always	first thing in the morning—it's best
not to even talk to him until he's	s had his coffee

TASK 6. WRITING (60 points) (40 minutes, 200-220 words)

Imagine that your school magazine asked you to write a news report on the recent INTERNATIONAL event in your town called "World Cuisine Festival: learn, cook, eat!" the aim of which was to let people get acquainted with national cuisine of different countries.

Write a report following the plan:

- 1. Name the date, the place and the event;
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- 4. Say why such events are important today;
- 5. Introduce people's opinions.

Follow the rules of news report writing. Make sure your report has:

- a headline
- a byline and a placeline
- a lead paragraph
- body paragraphs
- a conclusion





TASK 1. READING (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Put the following parts of the text in the correct order to recreate the text. Answer sheet 1-10.

How to Become a Confident Person and Succeed in Life

Co-authored by wikiHow Staff

A. Also, write down the specifics of how you will set about doing the things that you are aiming for.

Set your goals into action.

- **B.** If you're hard on yourself all the time, you'll make life hard for yourself. You don't deserve all that constant negativity. Tell yourself you're a great person who can do anything you put your mind to.
- C. Whatever the reason, firming it up exactly in your mind will help you begin to focus on it and work towards it.

Plan the way you'll move on.

D. THE moment you start feeling sorry for yourself is the moment you allow the negative view of life to become all-encompassing. React quickly and turn your thinking around. To turn yourself from down-and-out to confident and daring, you'll need to find a little courage, a lot of chutzpah and a willingness to improve your life.

Appreciate yourself.

E. Every time a negative or critical thought pops into your head, dismiss it with a positive thought that says "Yes, but I am healthy/clever/capable, etc." instead. Repeat this exercise regularly for best effect.

Work out what you want from your life.

- **F.** It can take a little time to sort this out but it is worth it and you'll know in your gut what is sound advice and what is simply obstructive. Remember that many people are carrying their own confidence concerns and some of them are insecure enough to try to pass their worries on to you too.
- **G.** However much of your life lies before you, be it 80 years or be it 10, you can make the most of the years ahead by giving yourself a direction. So, what do you want to do with your life?

- Do you want a new boyfriend/girlfriend? Do you want a new platonic friends?
- Do you want to lose or gain weight?
- Do you want to set out on an adventure of a lifetime?
- Do you just want to be able to get your life in order?
- **H.** You will do it! Take a pen and a notebook, one that you can carry about with you. From now on, write down all your thoughts and plans and related tasks for the future.
- I. Sometimes you may feel that other people are standing in your way, causing you to feel "less" of a person or to put down your own endeavors. Criticism is commonplace from others but not all of it is constructive. Learn to sort between the unhelpful barbs that seek to prevent you from reaching your full potential and the feedback that is actually aimed at helping you to grow in the right direction.
- **J.** Start out slowly and work your way towards an achievable goal. When that's done, move onto another achievable goal. As you gain in confidence, start to tackle the harder goals that you have set yourself. Each time you have achieved a task treat yourself with a small present.

Realize that other people have their own issues.

TASK 2. USE OF ENGLISH (10 points: 1 answer = 2 points)

Fill the gaps with 5 words from the box. Each word is used only once. You may need to change the word (its form and tense) in order for it to fit the context. There are 2 extra words in the box. Answer sheet 11-15

The History of Zombies

GIVE – LIVE – IMPROVE – MYTH – SCIENCE – TAKE – TURN

The term, from the Kongo word *nzambi* which means 'spirit of a dead person', has been long associated with the Vodou religion of Haiti (popularly known as Voodoo).

For a long time most people assumed that zombies were nothing more than
12 figures, like werewolves and vampires. However, this
changed in the 1980s when a man called Clairvius Narcisse claimed that he
13 into a zombie by means of drugs and forced to work on a sugar
plantation for two years before escaping. Wade Davis, a Harvard
14, investigated the claim and got something called 'zombie
powder' from Haitian <i>bokors</i> or doctors. The main active ingredient was a neurotoxin found in puffer fish which could be used to simulate death.
1
The bokors also explained to Davis that a second poison, made from
the <i>datura</i> plant, known as the zombie cucumber, 15. to victims
often there recently and from their death librarates. This front the formships? in

after they were revived from their death-like state. This kept the 'zombies' in a submissive state so that it was easy to force them to work.

TASK 3. USE OF ENGLISH (10 points: 1 answer = 2 points)

Imagine that you are a teacher. You asked your students to study the text from Task 2. Make up 5 questions that would check the students' understanding of the text. 5 questions must be different yes/no questions (at least one) and wh-questions. Answer sheet 16-20.

16.	
17.	
18.	
19.	
20.	

TASK 4. SOCIOCULTURAL COMPETENCE (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Match the idioms and their definitions. Two definitions are extra. Answer sheet 21-25.

21. (has the) cat got your	A. used for saying about an important and
tongue?	complicated situation
22. for the birds	B. something that seems good at first but is in
	fact harmful
23. a wolf in sheep's	C. used for saying that people of a similar type

clothing	tend to support and agree with each other
24. the tail wagging the	D. used for saying that the bad results of
dog	something someone has done are starting to
	happen or to become clear
25. birds of a feather	E. to have no use, purpose, or importance
(flock together)	
	F. used for saying that a situation is stupid
	because something important is being
	decided or controlled by something less
	important
	G. used when someone does not speak when
	you expect them to

TASK 5. SOCIOCULTURAL COMPETENCE (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Choose the best idioms to complete the sentences. Change the grammar and/or form if necessary. Transfer the idiom to the answer sheet 26-30.

y he's	bossing eve	ryone around	i. It's a
_•			
	?"	B: "Oh, he's	just
the	British	proposal	was
. He is	always han	ging out with	his
say, _			
		Why do it if v	ve
		•	
	the . He is	the British He is always han say,	. He is always hanging out with

TASK 6. WRITING (60 points) (40 minutes, 200-220 words)

Imagine that your school magazine asked you to write a news report on the recent INTERNATIONAL event in your town called "World Cuisine Festival: learn, cook, eat!" the aim of which was to let people get acquainted with national cuisine of different countries.

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Follow the rules of news report writing. Make sure your report has:

- a headline
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- body paragraphs
- a conclusion



TASK 1. READING (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Put the following parts of the text in the correct order to recreate the text. Answer sheet 1-10.

How to Stop Being a People Pleaser

Co-authored by **Paul Chernyak**

A. Create some boundaries and make your voice heard and your opinion matter. Above all, make time to care for yourself.

Recognize that you have choices.

- **B.** For example, say, "I know how much you want a nice birthday cake for the party and how much that means to you. I'd love to provide one, but I'm unable to do that at the moment."
 - **Handle problem requests with bluntness.** It's best to be civil and polite, but sometimes, no matter what you do, people won't respect your kindness.
- C. If you're a people pleaser, then you probably tend to put other people's needs ahead of your own. Maybe you want approval from others or have been taught to always give to others. It'll take some time to adjust, but start by saying "no" to some things instead of "yes" to everything.
- **D.** For example, if someone asks you to help, tell yourself, "I have the choice to say yes and stay or to go home and say no."

Learn how to say "no."

- **E.** If someone asks or tells you to do something, you have the choice to say yes, no, or maybe. You don't *have* to say yes, even if you feel like you do. When someone asks you something, take a moment and remember that how you respond is your choice.
- **F.** You can also do some role play with a friend to get used to saying "no." Have your friend ask you to do things, and then respond "no" to each of their requests. Make sure to pay attention to how you feel each time you say "no."

Be assertive and empathetic. If a flat "no" seems harsh to you, be assertive while also being empathetic.

- **G.** If someone keeps denying all your honest excuses, and makes you explain yourself when there's no further explanation you can give, it's time to put your foot down. The next time this person asks you for something you don't want to do, say "no, I can't" or "no, I won't." There's no need to say anything else. When they ask you to explain, ask them what part of the word "no" they don't understand.
- **H.** If you tend to always say "yes" to things even when you don't want to or when situations cause you stress, start saying "no." It might take some practice, but let people know when you can't do what they want. There's no need to make excuses. A simple "no" or "no thank you" will do.
- **I.** Show your understanding for the person and their needs, yet also be firm in saying that you cannot help them.
- **J.** This method of saying no will definitely make the other person angry. It's not easy to be so blunt, but it's sometimes necessary for your own well-being. Just because the other person gets angry with you, that doesn't necessarily mean you'll stop being friends. Nonetheless, only rely on this technique when nothing else seems to work.

TASK 2. USE OF ENGLISH (10 points: 1 answer = 2 points)

Fill the gaps with 5 words from the box. Each word is used only once. You may need to change the word (its form and tense) in order for it to fit the context. There are 2 extra words in the box. Answer sheet 11-15.

A Different Language

ACT - ATTRACT - DIE - ENTERTAIN - TACT - PRIME - PROVE

'Welcome to Whales: Croeso i Gymru', the sign says in two languages, as has been the rule everywhere in the country since 1973. There is no shortage of these bilingual signs in Whales. According to those who live there, Whales has always been a different country, a part of Britain where the culture has remained different from the whole. It is the only part of Britain with an 11.______ language of its own. On the other hand, only around 30 per cent of the 2.8 million who live there speak it. The actor Richard Burton spoke it, and 12.______ Tom Jones can sing a few songs in Welsh, but isn't fluent.

The point is how the language has survived because En	iglish has been the official
language ever since 1536. However, as soon as the	Welsh Language Act was
passed in 1973, the language had equal status with Engl	ish. There is no doubt that
this, combined with TV and radio broadcasts in Wels	sh, is certainly helping to
promote the language. In addition, an increase in	the number of bilingual
13 schools means that the language man	ay soon be spoken by well
over 50 per cent of the population.	
Increasingly, tourism 14. (already)	to be a friend rather than
the enemy. Many of the new tourist 15	strongly emphasize the
language and its place in Wales's culture identity.	

TASK 3. USE OF ENGLISH (10 points: 1 answer = 2 points)

Imagine that you are a teacher. You asked your students to study the text from Task 2. Make up 5 questions that would check the students' understanding of the text. 5 questions must be different yes/no questions (at least one) and wh-questions. Answer sheet 16-20.

16.	
17.	
18.	
19.	
20.	

TASK 4. SOCIOCULTURAL COMPETENCE (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Match the idioms and their definitions. Two definitions are extra. Answer sheet 21-25.

21. when the cat's away	A. someone you cannot trust
22. as the crow flies	B. used for saying that the bad results of
	something someone has done are starting to
	happen or to become clear
23. a snake in the grass	C. something that is long and exhausting
24. chickens come home	D. used for saying that people will naturally take
to roost	advantage of the absence of someone in
	authority to do as they like

Вариант	7
	•

25. monkey business	E. in a straight line
	F. someone who easily becomes furious when
	annoyed
	G. dishonest or bad behaviour

TASK 5. SOCIOCULTURAL COMPETENCE (10 points: 1 answer = 1 point)

Choose the best idioms to complete the sentences. Change the grammar and/or form if necessary. Transfer the idiom to the answer sheet 26-30.

26. From here to the office, it's abo	out 20 miles	, but it's more
like 30 miles by car since you h	ave to wind around the mounta	in.
27. After years of borrowing and b	orrowing money from other co	untries, the
government's	<u> </u>	
28. We used to be friends, but who	knew he'd turn out to be	
such?		
29. That's enough	Let's get down to more serie	ous matters.
This is a meeting, not a party.		
30. A: "His parents are away for the	e weekend." B: "I see,	

TASK 6. WRITING (60 points) (40 minutes, 200-220 words)

Imagine that your school magazine asked you to write a news report on the recent INTERNATIONAL event in your town called "World Cuisine Festival: learn, cook, eat!" the aim of which was to let people get acquainted with national cuisine of different countries.

Write a report following the plan:

- 1. Name the date, the place and the event;
- 2. Describe what people are doing in the first picture;
- 3. Name the dish in the second picture, its country of origin and ingredients;
- 4. Say why such events are important today;
- 5. Introduce people's opinions.

Follow the rules of news report writing. Make sure your report has: - a headline

4

- a byline and a placeline
- a lead paragraph
- body paragraphs
- a conclusion





