

**Блок 1. Лексико-грамматический тест – 30 баллов**

*Task 1. For questions 1-10 read the text below and fill in the gaps with words provided in the box. For each case find the word that best fits in the gap. Use one word for each gap only. There are five extra words, which should not be used. Type the correct variants on the answer sheet.*

The first duty of a host and hostess is to make every individual guest feel that they are both welcome and their presence is sincerely wanted. Guests should all be introduced, one to the other, and the clever host or hostess is **1**\_\_\_\_\_ one who only invited people who, as **2**\_\_\_\_\_ as they can be humanly certain, will mix together well and enjoy each other's company.

The hostess should see that all arrangements are made in the house well in **3**\_\_\_\_\_; she should be punctual herself and should start the various **4**\_\_\_\_\_ at the proper and stated times.

Do not press obviously unwanted refreshment upon your guest; pay them the compliment of believing them when they say that they **5**\_\_\_\_\_ had enough. If a guest refuses the offer of refreshment from a mistaken idea of politeness, it is really his, or her, own fault if they are hungry. On the **6**\_\_\_\_\_ hand do not offer a plate containing one cake only, with the remark “**7**\_\_\_\_\_ are plenty more outside”. If there are plenty **8**\_\_\_\_\_ stock then they should be put on the plate before the offer is made, and if this is a polite fiction, you may look silly if your guest takes you **9**\_\_\_\_\_ on that offer.

Most guests, who do not wish to create an impression of not having **10**\_\_\_\_\_ themselves, are reluctant to leave too early and will often welcome some very tactfully-given hint from the host or hostess. An offer of coffee or tea, towards the end of the evening, will indicate to any but the most obtuse guest that a move towards departing should be made – after they have had the tea or coffee, of course.

relaxed, there, up, in, proceedings, enjoyed,  
procedures, another, on, have, for, far, other, advance,  
the

*Task 2. Read the text about the public transport in England and answer questions 11-15. For each case choose one correct variant from the list given below and type the letter of the correct variant (A,B,C) on the answer sheet.*

**A Great Choice**

The most popular ways of getting around are going by car or public transport. While having your own car helps you make the best use of your time to reach remote places, rental and fuel costs can be expensive for budget travellers – while the trials of traffic jams and parking in major cities hit everyone – so public transport is often the better way to go.

Your main public transport options are train and long-distance bus. Services between major towns and cities are generally good, although at ‘peak’ (busy) times you must book in advance to be sure of getting a ticket. Conversely, if you book ahead early and/or travel at ‘off-peak’ periods, tickets can be very cheap.

Hitching is not as common as it used to be in England, maybe because more people have cars, maybe because few drivers give lifts to others. It's perfectly possible, however, if you don't mind long waits, although travellers should understand that they're taking a small but potentially serious risk, and we don't recommend it.

**11.** Public transport is more preferable for those who

- A** travel abroad                      **B** travel in big cities                      **C** travel in the suburbs

**12.** Long-distance bus in England is called

- A** coach                      **B** wagon                      **C** omnibus

**13.** Tickets are usually cheap

- A** if you plan a trip in advance                      **B** if you book ahead                      **C** when you travel alone

**14.** Hitching is

A renting a car                      B borrowing a car                      C travelling as a fellow traveller

15. What means of travelling should not be officially advised?

A Driving a car                      B Cycling                      C Hitchhiking

Task 3. *Beneath each sentence you'll find five ways of writing the underlined part. Choose the answer that makes the sentence correct. Answer A is always the same as the underlined part and is sometimes the right answer.*

16. Miriam was angrily when she learned that a friend of hers had quit his job after an argument with his foremen.

- A. angrily
- B. anger
- C. angriness
- D. angerness
- E. angry

17. If the taxi arrives lately, you will miss your flight.

- A. lately
- B. lateness
- C. lastly
- D. late
- E. more late

18. In today's paper there is several informative articles about community services that have received much attention.

- A. there is
- B. there are
- C. has been
- D. is there
- E. are there

19. The final examination will take place on September two.

- A. September two
- B. the second of September
- C. two September
- D. the two of September
- E. September the two

20. Last Saturday was so beautiful day that we went for a picnic to the park.

- A. so beautiful day
- B. such a beautiful a day
- C. such a beautiful weather
- D. such a beautiful day
- E. such beautiful a day

21. If it was so late, we could have played a game.

- A. was
- B. isn't
- C. weren't
- D. not be
- E. aren't

22. Although she is very popular, she is not so popular her sister.

- A. pretty as
- B. as pretty
- C. so popular as
- D. more pretty than
- E. as popular

23. Today's weather isn't as cold as it was yesterday, wasn't it?

- A. wasn't it
- B. was it
- C. isn't it
- D. is it
- E. has it

24. If it wouldn't rain, we'll have the party outside.

- A. wouldn't
- B. doesn't

- C. didn't
- D. won't
- E. will

25. Your brother and I are looking forward to see you.

- A. to see
- B. for see
- C. of seeing
- D. to seeing
- E. for seeing

26. I wonder how much do these gloves cost on sale.

- A. how much do these gloves cost
- B. how much these gloves
- C. how much these gloves cost
- D. how much are these gloves
- E. how much are these gloves cost

27. New York has had none serious earthquakes since the Ice Age.

- A. none
- B. none any
- C. not any
- D. not
- E. no

28. Because we had planned to fly out tonight, our flight was cancelled and we were forced to take a Sunday flight instead.

- A. Because we had planned to fly out tonight,
- B. Since we had planned to fly out tonight,
- C. As a result we had planned to fly out tonight,
- D. Although we had planned to fly out tonight,
- E. Even if we had planned to fly out tonight,

29. Mary was greatly surprised when she heard that she earned more money than anyone in her department.
- A. than anyone
  - B. than anyone else
  - C. from anyone else
  - D. from any girl
  - E. than any girl from
30. Crying and screaming, the daycare centre was filled with many toddlers.
- A. Crying and screaming, the daycare centre was filled with many toddlers.
  - B. Having cried and screamed, the daycare centre was filled with many toddlers.
  - C. The daycare centre, crying and screaming, was filled with many toddlers.
  - D. The daycare centre was filled with many crying and screaming toddlers.
  - E. Many toddlers filled the crying and screaming daycare centre.

**Блок 2. Мир языка – 70 баллов**

Task 4. *What does the proverb below mean? Express your ideas with the arguments appropriate (in 150-200 words). Your correct answer gives you 30 points.*

**“If you want a thing done well, do it yourself”**

Task 5. *Try to guess the monument in the picture below and where it is situated.*

*If your answer is correct you will get 5 points.*



Task 6. Look at the pictures below. Are there any differences/similarities between them? Answer the question in 150-200 words.

Your correct answer gives you 35 points.

