ЗАДАНИЯ ДЛЯ ЗАКЛЮЧИТЕЛЬНОГО ТУРА ОЛИМПИАДЫ 2014-2015 г.
ВАРИАНТ № 1

Конкурс понимания устной речи (Аудирование): Прослушайте дважды аудиозапись. Определите, имеют ли предложенные утверждения (№1-6) отношение к содержанию аудиозаписи: a) true; b) false; c) not stated. Вставьте пропущенную информацию (№ 7).

1) One small ant can lift 50 times its own body weight.
2) Ants have an amazingly large number of eggs.
3) It takes the cheetah just 3.2 seconds to cover a distance of 100 m.
4) Cheetah’s life expectancy is more than twenty years.
5) Springbok are frequently seen jumping in the rainy season.
6) The archer fish carry out their shooting in groups.
7) The speaker suggests organising ________.

Конкурс понимания письменного текста (Чтение): Прочитайте утверждения (№ 8-12) и определите, имеют ли они отношение к содержанию текста (a) true, b) false). Обоснуйте свой выбор, приведя фрагмент(ы) текста.

Technology does not necessarily have to invade privacy, but the reality is that it invariably does. Companies say that their customers are prepared to ‘trade off’ a little privacy in return for better service. They say that this is a matter of free choice. But I have no choice over whether my communications data will or will not be stored by my communications provider. They know the location of my mobile and the numbers from which I received calls, and the emails I send are routinely stored by all providers, whether I like it or not. Cameras are becoming a fixed component in the design of modern urban centres, new housing areas, public buildings and even, in Britain at least, throughout the road system. Soon, people will expect spy cameras to be part of all forms of architecture and design.

The problem with privacy is not technology though, but the institutions which make use of it. Governments are hungry for data, and will use their powers to force companies to collect per-
sonal information on their customers. In recent years, governments have managed to incorporate monitoring into almost every aspect of our lifestyle. While acknowledging the importance of privacy as a fundamental right, they argue that control is needed to maintain law and order. The right to privacy should not be allowed to stand in the way of the wider public interest.

When the UK government introduced the RIP legislation in 2000, it originally intended to allow an unprecedented degree of communications interception on the grounds that the dangers of crime on the Internet required increased control. At no time did anyone produce much evidence for this crime wave, however. Later a campaign by civil rights activists resulted in blocking the most offensive elements of the legislation from a personal privacy point of view.

8) The writer feels that some companies do not really give customers a say in issues related to privacy.
9) You may rarely come across surveillance cameras in the city.
10) The writer suggests that governments consider privacy more valuable than maintaining law and order.
11) The writer's main criticism of the RIP legislation in the UK is that there was no proof that it was really needed.
12) Civil right groups were consulted about the RIP legislation.

Конкурс на знание грамматики: Прочитайте текст Antarctica. Заполните пропуски (№ 13-27) предлагаемой грамматической формой, преобразовав её, если необходимо, так, чтобы она грамматически соответствовала содержанию текста.

It is probable that until two hundred years ago, Antarctica (13) not see by any human eyes. The first people who are known (14) approach it were hunters on ships in 1819. Two years later, one of them managed to land there though conditions prevented him from (15) explore very far. Larger scientific expeditions later came to the region to find out more. By the end of the nineteenth century they had succeeded in (16) map the coast of the continent, despite Antarctica (17) cover by a thick layer of ice which in places stretches far onto the sea.

There was something else which attracted people to Antarctica besides research: the South Pole. A number of attempts to reach it (18) make in the early years of the twentieth century, but the first person to get there was Roald Amundsen in 1911. Travelling with dogs to pull the sledges which carried his party’s (19) supply, he arrived at the pole five weeks before his rivals, a group (20) lead by Robert Scott.

Despite the weather conditions, many nations now have scientific bases on Antarctica, carrying out research on a range of subjects, including the ice sheets. In contrast to the melting of the Arctic sea ice, sea ice around Antarctica (21) develop in recent years. The reasons for this are not fully understood.

Antarctic tourism (22) expand at a tremendous pace now. Tourists (23) begin to visit Antarctica by air in the 1950s. While...
Some people consider tourists an environmental pressure, others note that the average tourist is generally well informed and will certainly become a good advocate for the protection of Antarctica when he/she return home. It is extremely important because if it not be for the ongoing environmental campaign, Antarctica have oil companies now. There were people who suggested mine there even in the 1960s, but it has never been allowed.

Конкурс на знание лексики: Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуски (№ 28-37) словом (словами), подходящим(и) по смыслу.

Stewing is an ancient method of cooking meats that is common stew the world. Irish stew is any variety of meat-and-root vegetables stew native to Ireland. As in all traditional folk dishes, the exact recipe is not stew from time or place to place. Any Irish person will tell you that the best Irish stew is the one their mother makes. In fact, no two Irish stews are stew, because everyone who cooks it changes the recipe in their own way. Irish stew was a dish that poorer people made stew it was cheap and filling. The main ingredients were lamb and potatoes, of which were easy to find in Ireland. Other ingredients were usually onions, carrots and parsley. Mutton was the dominant ingredient because the economic importance of lay in their wool and milk produce and this ensured that only old or economically non-viable animals ended up in the cooking pot, where they needed hours of slow cooking. Today, Irish stew is still the same basic dish stew a kind of thick soup or casserole made of meat, potatoes and vegetables. However, the exact recipe stew to suit individual tastes and the availability of ingredients. For example, many Irish immigrants in America found beef to be cheaper and more available than lamb, and so they used beef. Some recipes have even changed this simple dish into a gourmet meal. Irish stew is eaten on St Patrick's Day as well as Samhain but seriously, it is far too good to keep to just a few days a year, so is now eaten all the time.

Конкурс письменной речи (Письмо): Ознакомьтесь с высказыванием. Как вы понимаете смысл данного высказывания? Выскажите свою точку зрения и обоснуйте её. Напишите эссе объёмом в 200-250 слов.

“Everybody is a genius. But if you judge a fish by its ability to climb a tree, it will live its whole life believing that it is stupid.” (Albert Einstein)
ЗАДАНИЯ ДЛЯ ЗАКЛЮЧИТЕЛЬНОГО ТУРА ОЛИМПИАДЫ 2014-2015 г.
ВARIАНТ № 2

Конкурс понимания устной речи (Аудирование)
Прослушайте дважды аудиозапись. А) Определите, имеют ли предложенные утверждения (№1-6) отношение к содержанию аудиозаписи («верно / неверно / не упоминается»). Б) Вставьте пропущенное информацию (№ 7). Занесите выбранные вами ответы в ЛИСТ ОТВЕТОВ.
1) One small ant can lift 50 times its own body weight.
   a) true
   b) false
   c) not stated
2) Ants have an amazingly large number of eggs.
   a) true
   b) false
   c) not stated
3) It takes the cheetah just 3.2 seconds to cover a distance of 100 m.
   a) true
   b) false
   c) not stated
4) Cheetah's life expectancy is more than twenty years.
   a) true
   b) false
   c) not stated
5) Springbok are frequently seen jumping in the rainy season.
   a) true
   b) false
   c) not stated
6) The archer fish carry out their shooting in groups.
   a) true
   b) false
   c) not stated
7) The speaker suggests organising ____________________________

Конкурс понимания письменного текста (Чтение)
Прочитайте утверждения (№ 8-12) и определите, имеют ли они отношение к содержанию текста («верно / неверно»). Обоснуйте свой выбор, приведя фрагмент(ы) текста. Занесите выбранные вами ответы и их обоснование в ЛИСТ ОТВЕТОВ.
Billions of years after the last seas and rivers dried up on Mars, scientists believe they may be able to restore the Red Planet to its former glory – by turning it into a blue world with streams, green fields and fresh breezes, and filling it with earthly creatures. Ultimately this could even provide mankind’s increasing numbers with a new home. This revolutionary scheme of ‘terraforming’ recently formed the focus of a major international debate hosted by America’s space agency, NASA.

Terraforming has always been considered fiction, but now with a multi-billion-dollar Mars research programme drawn up by NASA, there is the chance to discover the real possibilities of transforming Mars. There are many critics. Foremost among these is Paul Murdin of the Institute of Astronomy. He believes the idea of terraforming Mars is extreme but not ridiculous. ‘The idea is actually a real one,’ he says. ‘And I find it incredible that mankind is mucking up this world at an amazing pace and, at the same time, talking about doing the same to another planet.’

Other scientists feel likewise. Monica Grady, from the Natural History Museum, London, points out that Mars used to have an atmosphere, but it disappeared for reasons that are still unclear. If scientists restore Mars’s atmosphere, she claims, it could just disappear again. Devastating things would have been done to the planet for a temporary effect and that would certainly not be ethical. In addition to this there is a risk that terraforming would pose to any life forms that already exist on Mars. There are still a lot of scientists remaining to be convinced that terraforming Mars would be worth the massive expenditure involved and the ethical problems it would raise.

8) The idea of ‘terraforming’ has not yet been discussed internationally.
   a) true       b) false

9) ‘Terraforming’ could become a reality at some point.
   a) true       b) false

10) Paul Murdin states that we are destroying our own planet.
    a) true       b) false

11) Some scientists believe we have insufficient understanding of the atmosphere on Mars.
    a) true       b) false

12) ‘Terraforming’ won’t threaten any organisms currently living on Mars.
    a) true       b) false
Welcome to ____________ (13) talk about current trends in health and fitness.

Nowadays, it seems as if everyone were battling with their weight. More and more people are joining local gyms or buying home-exercise machines. In fact, evidence __________ (14) that health club membership in Europe __________ (15) since 1999.

But the average person is now burning 800 fewer calories a day than a few generations ago. This means that even if people today __________ (16) no more than the previous generation, they would still be getting fatter. Blame the car as much as __________ (17) fast food. Unfortunately, instead of __________ (18) much __________ (19) than their parents did, as they should, many people consume more. Even studies carried out in the 1950s showed how much the eating patterns __________ (20) by then.

Besides, people are not doing enough exercise these days. And this is where exercise machines come in. Walking machines are certainly the most common. Also, an exercise machine that did not even exist two decades ago—the elliptical crosstrainer—is being used more and more often. Since __________ (21) in 1998, it is known __________ (22) one of the most popular machines in the world.

But like many other exercise machines __________ (23) over the past few decades—are they any __________ (24) than the alternatives? Those who do not want to buy exercise machines will like a study conducted in 1969, which __________ (25) many times since. At speeds above 14km/h or so, running on firm ground burns more calories than running on a treadmill—or any other machine. So, perhaps the __________ (26) exercise of all is simply to leave the car at home, and run to the gym—and then right past it. After that, just keep on __________ (27) …

The Globe Theatre was a theatre in London associated with William Shakespeare. The Globe Theatre was built in 1599, burned down in 1613 and __________ (28) in 1614. It stood on the bank of the River Thames in Southwark, London, near several other famous theatres of the time. In those days, people from all __________ (29) of society, rich and poor, used to go to the theatre. The poorer people stood near the stage, with no __________ (30) against the sun or rain, while __________ (31) people sat in rows of seats around the inside of the walls. Plays were performed in the daytime, be-
cause there was no ___________________ (32) lighting. The stage had no curtains, and scenery was not often used, but the actors ___________________ (33) colourful costumes. In Shakespeare’s times, women were not allowed on stage, so the women’s parts were played by boys dressed up in women’s costumes. The original Globe Theatre was closed in 1642, and nothing is known about what happened to it. In 1987, though, after many years of careful research, work began to build a new theatre ___________________ (34) much like the original as possible. The New Globe is 180 metres from the exact place where Shakespeare’s theatre stood, and was built with the same materials and building methods. Like the original, it is a round building, three ___________________ (35) high, with a wooden frame and plaster walls. A thatched roof leaves the middle of the theatre open to the sky. The roofed stage fills part of this space. The New Globe opened in 1997, and is used from May to September for performances of plays both by Shakespeare and other ___________________ (36) of his time. Performances ___________________ (37) in the daytime, as in Shakespeare’s time.

“Everybody is a genius. But if you judge a fish by its ability to climb a tree, it will live its whole life believing that it is stupid.” (Albert Einstein)
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ВАРИАНТ № 3

Конкурс понимания устной речи (Аудирование)

Прослушайте дважды аудиозапись. А) Определите, имеют ли предложенные утверждения (№1-6) отношение к содержанию аудиозаписи («верно / неверно / не упоминается»). Б) Вставьте пропущенную информацию (№ 7). Занесите выбранные вами ответы в ЛИСТ ОТВЕТОВ.

1) Treasure hunting may be motivated by the media or a wish for extra cash.
   a) true
   b) false
   c) not stated

2) The disadvantage of looking for valuable funds is that you may discover only fake.
   a) true
   b) false
   c) not stated

3) Some years ago a librarian discovered a manuscript that had been hidden for centuries.
   a) true
   b) false
   c) not stated

4) The manuscript was written on wrapping paper.
   a) true
   b) false
   c) not stated

5) The librarian informed an auction house and they arranged for an armoured car to collect the manuscript.
   a) true
It was confirmed that the manuscript had been written during a period of Twain's deep depression.

6) It was confirmed that the manuscript had been written during a period of Twain's deep depression.
   a. true
   b. false
   c. not stated

7) One of Gluck's daughters stored the manuscript ____________________________.

8) The writer feels that some companies do not really give customers a say in issues related to privacy.
   a) true
   b) false

9) You may rarely come across surveillance cameras in the city.
   a) true
   b) false
10) The writer suggests that governments consider privacy more valuable than maintaining law and order.
   a) true         b) false

11) The writer’s main criticism of the RIP legislation in the UK is that there was no proof that it was really needed.
   a) true         b) false

12) Civil right groups were consulted about the RIP legislation.
   a) true         b) false

Конкурс на знание грамматики
Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуски (№ 13–27) предлагаемой грамматической формой, преобразовав её, если необходимо, так, чтобы она грамматически соответствовала содержанию текста. Занесите ваши ответы в ЛИСТ ОТВЕТОВ.

Welcome to ____________ (13) talk about current trends in health and fitness.

Nowadays, it seems as if everyone were battling with their weight. More and more people are joining local gyms or buying home-exercise machines. In fact, evidence ____________ (14) that health club membership in Europe ____________ (15) since 1999.

But the average person is now burning 800 fewer calories a day than a few generations ago. This means that even if people today ____________ (16) no more than the previous generation, they would still be getting fatter. Blame the car as much as ____________ (17) fast food. Unfortunately, instead of ____________ (18) much ____________ (19) than their parents did, as they should, many people consume more. Even studies carried out in the 1950s showed how much the eating patterns ____________ (20) by then.

Besides, people are not doing enough exercise these days. And this is where exercise machines come in. Walking machines are certainly the most common. Also, an exercise machine that did not even exist two decades ago—the elliptical crosstrainer—is being used more and more often. Since ____________ (21) in 1998, it is known ____________ (22) one of the most popular machines in the world.

But like many other exercise machines ____________ (23) over the past few decades—are they any ____________ (24) than the alternatives? Those who do not want to buy exercise machines will like a study conducted in 1969, which ____________ (25) many times since. At
speeds above 14km/h or so, running on firm ground burns more calories than running on a treadmill—or any other machine. So, perhaps the exercise of all is simply to leave the car at home, and run to the gym—and then right past it. After that, just keep on …

Конкурс на знание лексики
Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуски (№ 28-37) словом (словами), подходящим(и) по смыслу. Занесите ваши ответы в ЛИСТ ОТВЕТОВ.

Stewing is an ancient method of cooking meats that is common the world. Irish stew is any variety of meat-and-root vegetables stew native to Ireland. As in all traditional folk dishes, the exact recipe is not from time or place to place. Any Irish person will tell you that the best Irish stew is the one their mother makes. In fact, no two Irish stews are , because everyone who cooks it changes the recipe in their own way. Irish stew was a dish that poorer people made it was cheap and filling. The main ingredients were lamb and potatoes, of which were easy to find in Ireland. Other ingredients were usually onions, carrots and parsley. Mutton was the dominant ingredient because the economic importance of lay in their wool and milk produce and this ensured that only old or economically non-viable animals ended up in the cooking pot, where they needed hours of slow cooking. Today, Irish stew is still the same basic dish – a kind of thick soup or casserole made of meat, potatoes and vegetables. However, the exact recipe to suit individual tastes and the availability of ingredients. For example, many Irish immigrants in America found beef to be cheaper and more available than lamb, and so they used beef . Some recipes have even changed this simple dish into a gourmet meal. Irish stew is eaten on St Patrick’s Day as well as but seriously, it is far too good to keep to just a few days a year, so is now eaten all the time.

Конкурс письменной речи (Письмо)
Ознакомьтесь с высказыванием. Как вы понимаете смысл данного высказывания? Выскажите свою точку зрения и обоснуйте её. Напишите эссе объёмом в 200-250 слов и перепишите его в ЛИСТ ОТВЕТОВ.

“A pessimist sees the difficulty in every opportunity; an optimist sees the opportunity in every difficulty.” (Winston Churchill)
ЗАДАНИЯ ДЛЯ ЗАКЛЮЧИТЕЛЬНОГО ТУРА ОЛИМПИАДЫ 2014-2015 г.
ВARIАНТ № 4

Конкурс понимания устной речи (Аудирование)

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1. Treasure hunting may be motivated by the media or a wish for extra cash.
   d) true
   e) false
   f) not stated

2. The disadvantage of looking for valuable funds is that you may discover only fake.
   d) true
   e) false
   f) not stated

3. Some years ago a librarian discovered a manuscript that had been hidden for centuries.
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   a. true
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7. One of Gluck's daughters stored the manuscript ____________________.

8. The idea of 'terraforming' has not yet been discussed internationally.
   a) true       b) false

9. 'Terraforming' could become a reality at some point.
   a) true       b) false

10. Paul Murdin states that we are destroying our own planet.
    a) true       b) false
11. Some scientists believe we have insufficient understanding of the atmosphere on Mars.
   a) true         b) false

12. 'Terraforming' won't threaten any organisms currently living on Mars.
   a) true         b) false

Конкурс на знание грамматики
Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуски (№ 13-27) предлагаемой грамматической формой, преобразовав её, если необходимо, так, чтобы она грамматически соответствовала содержанию текста. Занесите ваши ответы в ЛИСТ ОТВЕТОВ.

ANTARCTICA

It is probable that until two hundred years ago, Antarctica ____________ (13) by any human eyes. The first people who are known ____________ (14) it were hunters on ships in 1819. Two years later, one of them managed to land there though conditions prevented him from ____________ (15) very far. Larger scientific expeditions later came to the region to find out more. By the end of the nineteenth century they had succeeded in ____________ (16) the coast of the continent, despite Antarctica ____________ (17) by a thick layer of ice which in places stretches far onto the sea.

There was something else which attracted people to Antarctica besides research: the South Pole. A number of attempts to reach it ____________ (18) in the early years of the twentieth century, but the first person to get there was Roald Amundsen in 1911. Travelling with dogs to pull the sledges which carried his party’s ____________ (19), he arrived at the pole five weeks before his rivals, a group ____________ (20) by Robert Scott.

Despite the weather conditions, many nations now have scientific bases on Antarctica, carrying out research on a range of subjects, including the ice sheets. In contrast to the melting of the Arctic sea ice, sea ice around Antarctica ____________ (21) in recent years. The reasons for this are not fully understood.

Antarctic tourism ____________ (22) at a tremendous pace now. Tourists ____________ (23) to visit Antarctica by air in the 1950s. While some people consider tourists an environmental pressure, others note that the average tourist is generally well informed and will certainly become a good advocate for the protection of Antarctica when he/she ____________ (24) home. It is extremely important because if it
for the ongoing environmental campaign, Antarctica oil companies now. There were people who suggested there even in the 1960s, but it has never been allowed.

not be (25) have (26) mine (27)

Конкурс на знание лексики
Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуски (№ 28-37) словом (словами), подходящим(и) по смыслу. Запишите ваши ответы в ЛИСТ ОТВЕТОВ.

The Globe Theatre was a theatre in London associated with William Shakespeare. The Globe Theatre was built in 1599, burned down in 1613 and (28) in 1614. It stood on the bank of the River Thames in Southwark, London, near several other famous theatres of the time. In those days, people from all (29) of society, rich and poor, used to go to the theatre. The poorer people stood near the stage, with no (30) against the sun or rain, while (31) people sat in rows of seats around the inside of the walls. Plays were performed in the daytime, because there was no (32) lighting. The stage had no curtains, and scenery was not often used, but the actors (33) colourful costumes. In Shakespeare’s times, women were not allowed on stage, so the women’s parts were played by boys dressed up in women’s costumes. The original Globe Theatre was closed in 1642, and nothing is known about what happened to it. In 1987, though, after many years of careful research, work began to build a new theatre (34) much like the original as possible. The New Globe is 180 metres from the exact place where Shakespeare’s theatre stood, and was built with the same materials and building methods. Like the original, it is a round building, three (35) high, with a wooden frame and plaster walls. A thatched roof leaves the middle of the theatre open to the sky. The roofed stage fills part of this space. The New Globe opened in 1997, and is used from May to September for performances of plays both by Shakespeare and other (36) of his time. Performances (37) in the daytime, as in Shakespeare’s time.

Конкурс письменной речи (Письмо)
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“A pessimist sees the difficulty in every opportunity; an optimist sees the opportunity in every difficulty.” (Winston Churchill)